

## ith puts tain on day week

## Soldier killed, two hurt in South

**Jerusalem Post Military Correspondent**  
TEL AVIV. — One soldier was killed on Wednesday and two more wounded yesterday in the continued series of cease-fire violations reported by the Egyptian spokesman from the Egyptian front yesterday. The Syrian front was quiet.

The dead soldier was the victim of an Egyptian bazooka-supported attack on an Israeli strongpoint in the Abu Suir area of the Ismailia sector west of the Canal on Wednesday morning. Two soldiers were wounded yesterday by Egyptian snipers operating east of the 61st kilometre marker of the Suez Canal southeast of Kantara, on the Sinai side of the canal at 8.50 and 9.10 a.m.

More cease-fire violations, including light automatic weapon and mortar supported attacks, were reported from the same area later in the day.

On the Egyptian side of the Canal two serious violations involved Egyptian First Army units which again attacked Israeli outposts south of Abu Suir with bazookas and light automatic weapons fire at 11.15 a.m.

The kilometre 101 area also came under fire yesterday. Egyptian units fired with light automatic weapons on an Israeli engineering unit approximately one kilometre north of the "negotiating" point.

Repeated Egyptian-initiated sniping incidents were also reported from the area immediately north of Suez town yesterday. Military observers here yesterday confirmed that the continued Egyptian violations of the cease-fire no longer seemed to be initiated by local Egyptian commanders — but were rather the outcome of top-level orders intended to disrupt Israeli troop deployments wherever possible.

In Cairo, the U.N. spokesman said there had been 44 cease-fire violations on the Israel-Egypt front on Tuesday. All were brief save for one exchange of fire that lasted more than an hour south of Kantara. AFP quoted him as saying Israel had submitted 30 complaints and Egypt five.

### AFTER MIDNIGHT

An Israeli Air Force pilot-less plane was shot down by an Israeli spy plane in Egyptian territory yesterday, the Army spokesman announced. This is the first time the IAF has admitted possessing pilot-less planes, Israel Radio noted.

The Cairo military spokesman had announced that Egyptian troops yesterday shot down an Israeli spy plane in the Suez Canal's southern sector.

Earlier, Egypt protested American reconnaissance flights over the country, named U.S. Ambassador Herman E. Atti to protest a December 10 flight.

## Cairo media silent on army reshuffle

**Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter**  
The Egyptian news media yesterday maintained a complete silence on Wednesday's major military reshuffle, in which Maj. General Sa'ad Eddin Shazli was replaced by Lt. General Mohammed Abdul-Ghani Gamasy as Chief of Staff.

Unconfirmed reports yesterday said that the former commanders of Egypt's Second and Third Armies, who were also replaced under the reshuffle, were reassigned to top-ranking positions at the War Ministry. The reshuffle was described as one more in a large-scale reorganization at the high command.

There was no indication of Shazli's fate. Several press reports indicated that he has been in conflict with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and War Minister General Ahmed Ismail Ali over Cairo's war and peace strategies.

**PRESSURE ON SADAT**  
Beirut's nationalist "al-Moharrir" newspaper yesterday said that recent changes in the Egyptian military command were expected, in view of the fact that Sadat was under "tremendous pressure" from military officers to resume the fighting against Israel. The paper added the changes were "in harmony with Egypt's recent decision to attend a Geneva conference in search of a peaceful settlement of the Middle East crisis."

In Paris, "Le Figaro" newspaper said yesterday that it was hard to believe that Shazli was no longer Egypt's Chief of Staff. While recalling his role in Egypt's crossing of the Suez Canal in the October war, the paper said that Shazli was already a legend. The paper said that high-level changes in the Egyptian army command signified "a whirlwind in Cairo as the Geneva



GEN. SHAZLI

conference approaches. It is a sign of a temper." (Former intelligence chief Meir Amit said last night that Sadat's dismissals of top Army officers proved his position was solid. "He proved that he had no inclination for fresh round of fighting in the immediate future, that the failure of the Egyptian army in the war was recognized in Egypt, and that the leadership was ready to remedy the situation should there be more fighting.")

Mr. Amit, now director-general of the Kibbutz's Koor Industries, told the Army radio network that the dismissals had a political significance. Shazli and his colleagues were known to have been pressing for more hard-line before the Geneva talks. The fact that Sadat promoted Gamasy to Chief of Staff, a man who already had negotiating experience, indicated that Sadat did not plan to fight before Geneva, Mr. Amit believed.)

## Japan again calls on Israel to quit Arab territories

**TOKYO (Reuters).** — Japan, battling against Arab oil cutbacks, yesterday strongly called on Israel to withdraw its troops to positions it held when the U.N. cease-fire resolution of October 22 came into effect.

A Foreign Ministry spokesman took the unusual step of announcing

the appeal to the foreign press at his regular weekly briefing. But he said he did not know what kind of communication would be sent to the Israeli Government.

**Our diplomatic reporter adds:**  
The new Japanese Ambassador to Israel, Kazuhiko Komuro, met with Foreign Minister Abba Eban yesterday morning in Tel Aviv, but officials said that the new Japanese policy statement was not discussed at the meeting. (It was apparently not received in time by the Japanese Embassy.)

Mr. Eban had invited the ambassador some weeks ago, the officials said, for a first meeting since he presented his credentials in August. Issues touched upon at the half-hour meeting included Israel-Japan relations, Israel's positions in advance of the Geneva conference, and the Syrian refusal to obey the Geneva Convention on prisoners of war.



Soldier holds Soviet-made Sagger anti-tank missile — used against Israeli forces in the October War — which has been captured in large quantities and incorporated in the Israeli Army. (Starphoto)

## Waldheim to preside over first meeting of Geneva conference

**By DAVID LANDAU**  
Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

The Geneva peace conference next Tuesday will be formally opened by the President of the Swiss Confederation, Roger Bonvin, and the first session will probably be chaired by U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim. Israel will agree — reluctantly — to Dr. Waldheim chairing the opening session, since the U.S. and the Soviet Union have apparently conceded, to this extent, to pressure from the Arabs and from European and neutralist countries that the U.N. Secretary-General be given this role.

Dr. Waldheim will hand over the chair to the U.S. and Soviet delegates who will thereafter take it in rotation.

The last obstacles on the path to the conference — Syria's refusal to abide by the Geneva Convention on war prisoners and difficulties over the official invitation — will hopefully be removed by U.S. Secretary of State Kissinger during his swing through the Middle East this week-end.

Yesterday, there was no movement whatever in Damascus on the POW issue. Contrary to optimistic reports in the London press, it is reliably learned in Jerusalem that the Syrians are still refusing to issue lists of the Israeli POWs and to allow Red Cross officials to visit them. There is intense pressure on Damascus on this issue from both Washington and Moscow, and Israel is hoping that when Dr. Kissinger flies in on Sunday — having been to Damascus and met with President Assad — he will bring with him news of a breakthrough.

The Israel Government has stated, and is expected to reiterate at a special pre-Kissinger Cabinet meeting today, that it will not sit at the peace conference with Syria unless and until Syria complies with these basic provisions of the Geneva Convention.

The Israel position was stressed again yesterday by Foreign Minister Eban when he met for over an hour with U.S. Ambassador Kenneth Keating. Foreign Ministry

## Meir: Israel must be ready to say 'no'

**Jerusalem Post Staff**

Prime Minister Golda Meir said last night that Israel must be ready to say "no" at the Geneva talks, not only to the Arabs but also to "Israel's most faithful friend," an apparent reference to the U.S. Speaking at an Alignment election rally in Jerusalem, she said that the conference would be very difficult and that Israel was going to Geneva with an honest desire to achieve peace.

She said she would not recommend sending to the Geneva negotiations anyone who would be willing to return to the 1967 borders.

The Premier spoke in a similar vein in Tel Aviv yesterday, when she warned alignment campaign organizers against illusions that "we are going to return immediately to a Geneva conference with a peace treaty."

At the Jerusalem rally, the Premier said there could be no negotiations with terrorist leaders. While there could be territorial compromises with neighbouring states, the terrorists sought Israel's destruction. "Between life and death there is no compromise," she said.

Mrs. Meir said, "If the peace conference takes place, and if we go to Geneva, Israel would attend with a sincere desire to arrive at a peace, but without illusions."

Mrs. Meir also repeated her view that any third state between Jordan and Israel would constitute a bridgehead against Israel.

While there would be no com-

promise on Jerusalem as a united city and the capital of Israel, she said, arrangements have to be worked out with Moslem and Christian leaders on free access to their holy places and their "independent administration."

In Tel Aviv, Premier Meir said that peace did not depend on Israel alone but the government was attending the talks with the aim of making the strongest possible efforts to try and produce a positive result.

She said the government was acting in keeping with the Alignment platform which called for maximum efforts to make peace with the Arabs, without endangering the essential interests of Israel.

The Premier attacked the Likud's election plank calling for a national unity coalition after the elections. She said this was an impossibility because of the conflicting policies of the parties.

## JORDAN TO GENEVA Kissinger sees Sadat after Algiers stop

**By ANAN SAFADI**  
Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter

Jordan last night officially announced it will attend next Tuesday's Middle East peace conference in Geneva. The Jordanian announcement was made as U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger started talks in Cairo on a second swing to the region in preparation for the Geneva talks which Egypt, Syria, Jordan and Israel are expected to attend. Dr. Kissinger will visit all these countries in addition to Saudi Arabia and Lebanon during his tour, the second since the October war.

A Government statement broadcast in Amman said that Jordan's decision to take part in the Geneva conference followed intensive consultations with Cairo, indicating that Egypt has finally decided to participate in the peace talks.

Israel was expected to formulate the scope of its participation at today's special Cabinet meeting, while Syria withheld its final response

pending Dr. Kissinger's visit. One of the major problems regarding the chances of the opening session of the Geneva conference is Syria's refusal to submit the list of Israeli POWs.

The question of the exchange of prisoners between Syria and Israel was expected to be among the main topics on the Secretary of State's agenda in Cairo. Upon his arrival in the Egyptian capital last night Kissinger met briefly with Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy, then started talks with President Anwar Sadat. He is due to meet Sadat this morning again before flying to Saudi Arabia, Syria, Jordan, Lebanon and Israel.

There were no details of Dr. Kissinger's talks with Sadat but these were believed to have covered the question of disengaging the Egyptian and the Israeli forces at the Suez Canal front and procedures of the Geneva conference.

On landing in Cairo, Kissinger said he was "delighted to be in Egypt again." The Secretary of State had come to Egypt from Algiers where he held talks with President Houari Boumedienne and Foreign Minister Abdul-Aziz Bouteflika during a stopover there.

Kissinger said that the Algerian talks covered the Middle East situation and relations between the U.S. and Algeria which maintain no diplomatic ties. Kissinger said that his talks were "constructive and useful," and that he and the Algerian leaders agreed that their two countries should maintain close contact.

Boumedienne and Bouteflika were believed to have concentrated on the question of the future of the Palestinian people. Algeria has been stressing its support for the Palestine Liberation Organization which the recent Arab summit conference named as the sole representative of the Palestinians — in contrast to Jordan's claim to be speaking for them.

In this connection, Jordan yesterday said that its decision to take part in the Geneva conference came after "satisfactory clarifications and adequate assurances" from Egypt concerning Amman's opposition to the PLO being regarded as sole representative of the Palestinian people and the PLO's claim over the West Bank.

The Jordanian statement indicated that Egypt might now be supporting Amman's view that the Middle East crisis be handled now by Arab governments and that following a settlement with Israel the Palestinian people would be provided with the right of "self-determination to determine its leadership and future."

## Dinitz back for Cabinet talks

**Jerusalem Post Staff**

**LOD AIRPORT.** — Israel's Ambassador to the U.S., Mr. Simcha Dinitz, said yesterday that the American and Israeli positions on the Geneva conference were similar, but reiterated Israel's determination to boycott the Syrians at the talks until Damascus provides a list of Israeli prisoners of war.

The U.S. and Israel have a similar point of view about the meanings of peace and the way to reach it, said Mr. Dinitz adding this meant through free negotiations and not as a result of a forced solution.

Mr. Dinitz arrived from Washington yesterday for last-minute consultations with the Government before the arrival of U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger on Sunday.

He told reporters here that Israel did not intend to boycott the conference, "but you cannot expect Israel to sit together with Syria in Geneva while they're violating the Geneva convention."

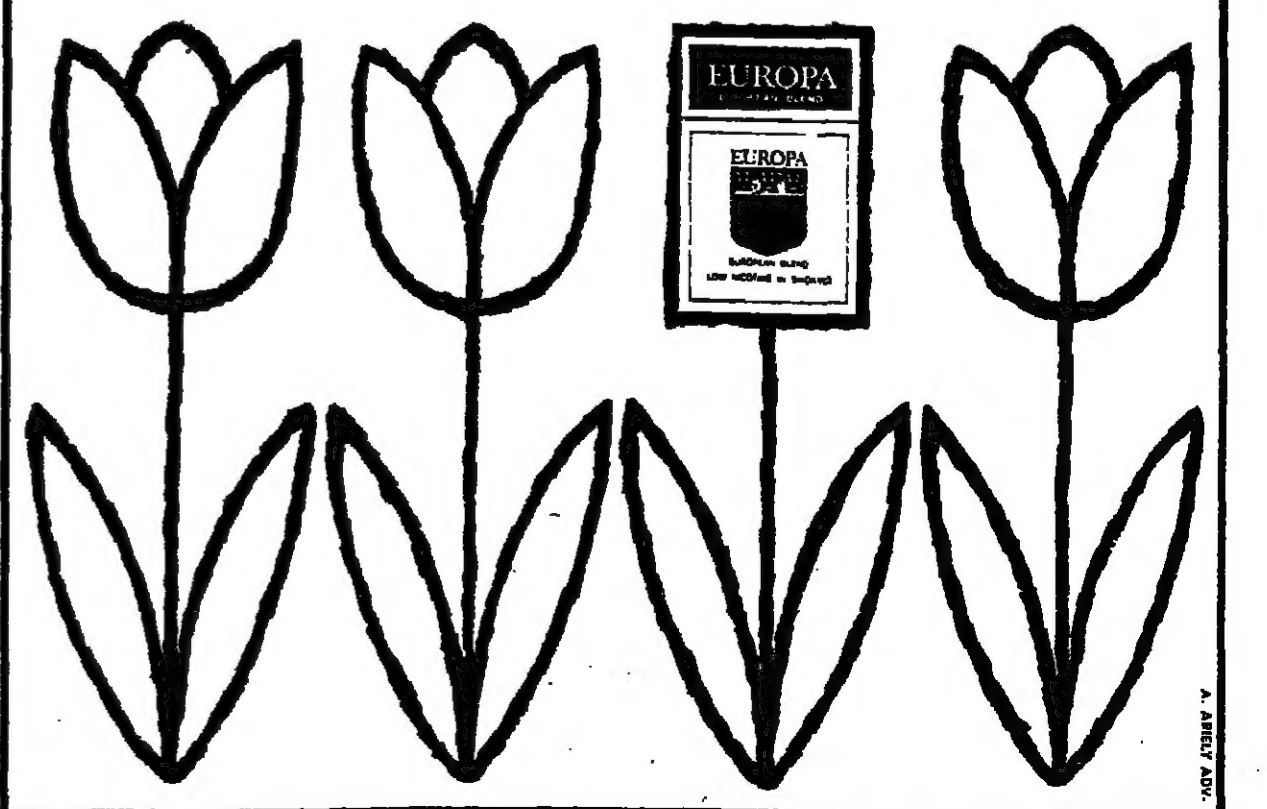
## Red Cross proposes atrocities probe groups

**GENEVA (AP).** — The International Committee of the Red Cross announced yesterday it has proposed that Israel and the Arab governments agree to mixed commissions of inquiry into charges of atrocities in the Mid-East war.

Notes sent to the governments of Egypt, Syria and Israel stated the Red Cross readiness to lend its good offices in setting up such commissions. An official said the notes were transmitted by the Red Cross on Wednesday. There was no immediate reaction from Mid-East capitals.

The offer came in the wake of what a Red Cross source termed a "rain of protestations" over alleged serious breaches of the Geneva conventions.

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## Umbrella protest set for arrival of Kissinger

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
TEL AVIV. — U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger will be met at Lod Airport Sunday by a group of demonstrators wielding umbrellas — to draw a parallel between what they call Kissinger's swift "peace arrangements" and Neville Chamberlain's "disastrous appeasement" in the 1938 Munich pact.  
The demonstration, which has received a police permit, is being organized by Citizens Against Surrender, the Movement for a Referendum, the Movement for Political Courage and Citizens for the Prevention of a National Disaster. All four groups arose spontaneously in the wake of the Yom Kippur War, and three of them oppose Israel's participation in the Geneva talks scheduled for December 15.  
A spokesman for one of them said the groups plan to put counter-pressure on the Government to adopt a tougher stand in the wake of U.S. pressure.  
The protest is set to begin at noon — an hour before Kissinger's scheduled arrival. Demonstrators will gather at Tel Aviv's Mamm Auditorium at 11 a.m., at Jerusalem's Binyanei Ha'Ooma at 10.30 and at Haifa's Cinema at 9.45 and will proceed from those meeting places to the airport. After the Secretary of State's arrival, they will move their protest to the U.S. Embassy in Tel Aviv.

## Arab-Druse village buys IL60,000 of Voluntary War Bonds

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
ACRE. — The village of Rama near here has bought IL60,000 worth of Voluntary War Bonds so far. (The village has a population of 3,000 Druse and Christian Arabs.)  
Yesterday Local Council chairman Hanna Mawis bought IL22,000 worth of bonds with money he collected from local residents. In addition, one man, Nikola Hanna Mansour, bought IL12,000 worth on his own. He borrowed the money from the Discount Bank.

## PAYIS WINNERS

The IL150,000 grand prizes in the Milaf Hapayis lottery were drawn yesterday by tickets No. 015309 and 498129. No. 749722 won IL50,000. Numbers 104579, 642502 won IL12,500, and tickets 758834, 746399, 598215, and 22579 won IL6,250. Tickets ending in 7 won IL4.  
The following won IL1,250 — 041799 048433 048783 064433 140809 173357 213964 224063 258935 305553 316337 361671 410334 424169 473063 505470 545974 563294 586175 745760 795442.  
IL600 for tickets ending: 08437 20550 25675 31857 36873 51372 54934 64024 69885 73581.  
IL250 for tickets ending: 01726 02140 02551 02813 05673 09251 19101 21921 27952 29559 31163 31771 33405 34763 39760 45561 52374 76843 79379 80412 83706 94649 95433 95822 95826.  
IL100 for tickets ending: 0448 1072 1142 1560 7166 7232 8162.  
IL50 for tickets ending: 0002 0430 0580 0867 1012 1366 1403 1552 2333 2541 2546 2672 2731 2760 3027 3098 3794 3839 3861 3924 4178 4406 4517 4533 4857 5006 5025 5306 5537 6206 6477 6555 6600 6738 7798 8650 9258 8406 8467.

## THE WEATHER

Jerusalem	58	10-16	8-17
Golan	51	14-21	8-14
Wadiya	61	14-21	8-14
Safed	78	8-14	7-15
Haifa	63	13-20	12-21
Tiberias	11	11-14	10-13
Nasareth	77	12-18	11-17
Afula	62	9-20	8-21
Bet Shean	65	12-16	10-17
Shomron	65	12-16	10-17
Tel Aviv	75	13-19	11-21
Lod	68	10-21	8-22
Jericho	58	11-14	10-13
Gaza	72	12-22	10-22
Beer Sheva	52	7-20	8-21
Bilat	49	14-22	15-23
Tirana	42	17-26	15-25

## Social and Personal

Mr. Gideon Hausner, M.K., is to address the Haifa Engineers Forum today (Friday) on "The Days Ahead."

Hesse's Restaurant, Jerusalem, reopened. Dinner reservations only. Tel. 02-233330.

**BIRTH**  
ASHERI — To Eilana and Yossi Asheri, a daughter, sister to Guy, on Wednesday, December 12, at the Kirya Hospital, Tel Aviv.

## ARRIVALS

Mrs. M. Lincoln Schuster, of New York, for a private visit (by Tel Aviv).

**Joseph Goldschmidt, M.K.**  
Jerusalem  
London, December 4, 1973

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# Mother, wife of PoWs appeal to Americans

WASHINGTON (JNA). — The mother of an Israeli infantryman and the pregnant wife of a pilot who are held prisoners in Syria appealed to Americans on Wednesday to help bring about their release. The women declined to identify themselves so their husbands would not be harmed.  
The 49-year-old woman, who told a press conference at the Israel Embassy here she was from a kibbutz, said her son, captured on the first day of the war, was alive on October 15, when she saw him on a television programme from Syria. The 21-year-old wife, who is six months pregnant, said her pilot husband, 24, was injured when he came down on the Golan Heights October 21. She knew about this from a Lebanese newspaperman's interview with him that was filmed by NBC. He was the last Israeli to be captured.  
**FINANCED BY FAMILIES**  
The mother said their trip to America was financed by families of the PoWs. They are here, she said, to help tell the world about the refusal of the Syrians to give the names of their prisoners. Evidently referring to families of American prisoners who were captured by the North Vietnamese and whose whereabouts were unknown for long periods, the Israeli mother said she knows American women "understand what I am talking about." She then asked the news-

men: "Please help me and other wives, mothers and parents of prisoners."  
She pointed out that the Israeli prisoners held by Syria are a week after the cease-fire went into effect. Every one of these Syrians, she said, was permitted to write home. But of the 102 Israelis believed held by Syria there has been no word. Forty-two other Israeli PoWs have been reported killed by Syrians, she said.  
The three Israelis visited the State Department earlier, where Assistant Secretary of State Roger Davies said Secretary Henry Kissinger was very concerned about the Israeli prisoners and would take the matter up when he visits Damascus this week.  
Twelve national organizations associated with the U.S. armed forces have pledged to help bring about identification and release of the Israeli prisoners of war in Syria.  
Representatives of the organizations met Wednesday at the Washington headquarters of the Jewish War Veterans on the U.S. to discuss how they could effectively bring public attention to the Syrian Government's refusal to act under the Geneva accords.  
In London the tragedy of the Israeli prisoners of war was highlighted by a TV interview with the parents of one of them.

## Syria: No PoW exchange until Israel withdraws

UNITED NATIONS (AP). — Syria has defended its continued holding of Israeli prisoners, declaring there will be a state of hostilities so long as Israel occupies "Arab lands."  
Israel retorted in a U.N. General Assembly debate that the Middle East cease-fire provided for immediate return of prisoners.  
The exchange, on Wednesday, followed the Assembly's adoption of resolutions intended to broaden protection of civilians in armed conflicts and to treat fighters against racism or colonialism as prisoners of war.  
Fathi al-Masri of Syria told the Assembly that the Third Geneva Convention on war prisoners provides that prisoners "shall be released and repatriated without delay after cessation of actual hostilities."  
"But the continuing occupation of Arab land is in the nature of a continuation of hostilities by Israel," he said.  
Israel delegate Shabtai Rosenne said that, "to the committee's astonishment, the representative of Syria did not make any explanation for Syria's unabashed refusal to give the information owed us and refusal to allow Red Cross delegates to visit prisoners."  
"Immediate repatriation was one of the basics of the cease-fire," Rosenne said.  
The Assembly voted 107 to 0 for a resolution urging all countries to agree on new rules to protect non-combatants during a new Geneva conference starting in February. Six countries abstained.  
The U.S. abstained, declaring it opposed a provision urging that "national liberation movements" be invited to the Geneva conference.  
The vote was 83 to 13, with 29 abstentions, on a resolution declaring liberation struggles against racism or colonialism to be legitimate and extending prisoner-of-war treatment to liberation fighters. It also declares that the use of mercenaries by racist and colonial regimes against liberation movements is a criminal act and the mercenaries should be punished as criminals.  
Israel, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, France, West Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, Portugal, South Africa, Britain, the U.S. and Uruguay voted against.

## 'Galili document, oral doctrine are dead' Mapam hails Labour platform as 'radical shift in our direction'

By MARK SEGAL  
Jerusalem Post Political Reporter  
TEL AVIV. — Mapam, Labour's junior partner in the Alignment, has welcomed the Alignment's new draft election platform as "a shift in our direction." Mapam political secretary Natfali Feder told The Jerusalem Post yesterday that his party is extremely satisfied with it.  
Mr. Feder added that Mapam prefers to consider the Labour Party's 14-point programme, not as the "Sapir document" (in contrast to the controversial and much more hawkish "Galili document"), but as a radical move towards the Mapam position.  
"It is a truly dovish platform," he said, "and marks a substantial shift by our Labour partner in our direction. Naturally, we are very pleased indeed."  
What Mr. Feder was particularly pleased about was the fact that the anti-Alignment wing of Mapam was sufficiently mollified by the shift in Alignment policy to have closed ranks around the party leadership.  
"Mr. Feder is chairman of Mapam's Platform Committee and, together with Mapam Secretary-General Meir Talmi, has been representing Mapam in joint platform discussions with Labour. Their work is almost complete.  
"We have reached 90 per cent consensus," he said, and on Sunday the Mapam Central Committee is convening to discuss — and, he trusts, endorse — the policy document.  
"The Labour Party will also convene its policy-making forums to endorse the document, plus our amendments. We are pleased to say the draft platform leans much more than hitherto to Mapam. If the Labour Party had spoken of such a shift before the Yom Kippur War we would have said the days of the Mosheh were nigh."  
Mr. Feder said He stressed that Mapam considers the new platform to have cancelled out both the "Galili document" and the oral doctrine associated with Defence Minister Moshe Dayan.  
Mr. Feder said a prime difference still existed between the two Alignment partners on the Palestinian issue. Whereas Mapam speaks of "self-determination" for Palestinians, Labour refers to "self-identity" (as the "Sapir document" puts it) — in Jordan. (The Labour reference to "self-identity" is understood to mean little more than recognition of the Palestinians' existence. It was only about a year ago that Premier Golda Meir said, "there is no such thing as a Palestinian.")  
Asked whether Mapam's talk of a Palestinian state did not revive the U.N.'s 1947 partition plan lines and thus raise the question of Israel's viability, Mr. Feder says: "The Palestinian problem exists, and we caused it to come about. The Palestine entity came into being with the establishment of Israel. Our very existence was a catalyst for the crystallization of the Palestine entity."  
Asked whether they were not thereby calling into question the affinity of Israel Arabs — including Mapam's own Deputy Health Minister Abdul Aziz Zuabi. Mr. Feder said he thought not: "The Arab minority in Israel has accepted the Jewish State and lives here as the Copts do in Egypt."  
**PALESTINE STATE**  
The Labour Party's 14-point programme rejects the idea of a separate Palestinian State, "whereas we say that in such a state the Palestinians could find self-determination; and the kind of regime they have is none of our business. The Geneva talks will probably produce such a state anyway so why not leave the matter open?" Later Mr. Feder added that Mapam's map calls for allowing the Gaza Strip — all or in part — to go to the Palestinian state.  
Acknowledging that when the Arab terrorists say "Palastin" they mean it to replace Israel, Mr. Feder stressed that no political party in Israel accepts this line. Even Rakkah, at least formally, is against this. We say any peace must involve defensible borders for Israel

## Big sumsum deal in Egypt

The Israel authorities on the west bank of the Suez Canal bought 100 tons of sumsum (sesame seed) from the Kibrit Farmers' Cooperative on Wednesday, according to an Israel Radio reporter.  
Representatives of the Military Government and the Agriculture Ministry paid the same price as paid before the war by the Egyptian authorities. Earlier, 350 tons of sesame found in Egyptian Government stores had been confiscated and handed to Israel.  
Most of this country's sumsum supplies, used for manufacturing tekina are imported from Tanzania via Eilat. (Itm)

## Shalom to the U.S.S.R.

HAMBURG (AP). — West Germany's largest and most modern passenger liner, the 25,032-ton Hanseatic, was sold for 62 million marks (IL100m.) to a Liberian-based shipping company, the German Atlantic Line said yesterday.  
Local shipping sources speculated that the Hanseatic — the former Israeli merchant marine flagship, the Shalom — may soon be flying the Soviet flag. They noted that the buyers, Robin Shipping Corp. of Monrovia, recently sold two former Cunard liners — the Francoville and the Carmania — to the Soviet shipping company, Far East Vladivostok.  
Robin was the second highest bidder for the Hanseatic, but a Japanese firm which bid 67.5m. marks was unable to meet its financing deadline.

## El-Bireh woman dies of burns

RAMALLAH. — A 40-year-old woman of El-Bireh township near here, Amina Aywad Tawil, was found burned to death in her kitchen yesterday, apparently after the primus stove on which she was cooking caught fire.  
Police, who launched an inquiry, are examining the theory that body heard shouts for help after her clothes caught fire. Her son notified the police of the tragedy. (Itm)

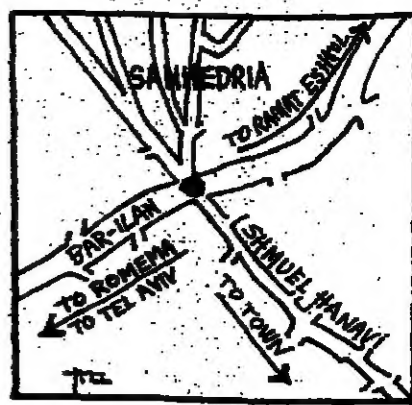
## Villager killed on Acre highway

CARMIEL. — An woman pedestrian from Ba'na village near here, Dikla Hall, 50, was fatally injured yesterday on the Acre-Safed highway by a car driven by a Carmiel resident.  
The victim died in the Nahariya Government Hospital. The driver was detained for questioning.

# Traffic lights at Jerusalem danger spot 'in two weeks'

By ERNIE MEYER  
Jerusalem Post Reporter

The installation of traffic lights at the Bar Ilan-Shmuel Hanavi intersection in Jerusalem will be completed within one or two weeks, the capital's traffic director, Abraham Gilchinsky, said yesterday.  
The traffic light standards have been up for months, but completion was held up until the delivery of the complex electronic control mechanism, which arrived from Germany only two weeks ago and is being assembled here now, he added.  
Two men were killed at the intersection on Monday night when their car crashed into a bus. Following the accident, Mayor Teddy Kollek was jeered at the scene by local residents who claimed that many accidents had occurred there and that the municipal authorities are neglecting their neighbourhood.  
During the past two years there have been two accidents with fatalities at this intersection, three with serious injuries, 19 with light injuries and seven with property damage only, police records show. Residents consider the intersection a notorious "black spot."



After inspecting the site, Mr. Gilchinsky said that he thought traffic lights would be installed at the intersection as early as the end of the month. A right turn into Rehov along the corner by-pass, in any case not governed by lights but usually has only a flashing light.  
Mr. Gilchinsky said the traffic light installation is a complex task. It involves a lot of work, including the laying of cables, the installation of the control system, and the installation of the lights themselves. A typical installation with four standards costs about 70,000 sheqels, he added.

## ELECTION NOTES

Mr. Gideon Hausner, chairman of the Independent Liberal Knesset faction, said at a rally at Kibbutz Hasoleim yesterday that the U.N. should not have a role to play in the Geneva peace talks, because it was not neutral. It was under the influence of the Arabs and it voiced Arab views, he said.  
Mr. Haim Kahane, a leading figure in the Torah Religious Front, said in Tel Aviv yesterday that his movement's six M.K.s (four from Aguda and two from Poale Aguda) warranted the Government giving the Front some representation in the "think tank," which is preparing position papers for the Geneva talks.  
Mr. Zalman Shoval, M.K. (Likud-State List) said in Bat Yam yesterday that Foreign Minister Abba Eban was not the right man to represent Israel at the Geneva peace talks. Shoval said Eban had proved all too often in the past that he was not the right man "to defend Israel's vital interests energetically."

Mrs. Shulamit Aloni introduced her Citizens Rights List on TV last night with the slogan "We have not only to die for our country, but make it a finer place to live in." She believed that independent Knesset Members could effect change.  
Shmuel Tamir, M.K. (Likud-Free Centre) on TV ridiculed the Alignment claim to be "the peace party" as against the Likud. He observed: "The Alignment has ruled the country for 25 years and we have had five wars in that period." Mr. Tamir further charged that the Alignment was now abandoning its old platform and "chucking out its commitment to Jerusalem and the Golan Heights, thereby endangering the country's security."

Transport Minister Shimon Peres said yesterday that citizens were so busy with criticism they were forgetting Israel had won the war. Speaking to an Alignment rally at the Labour Party club in Herzliya, he said it was important to remember that it was Egypt which requested the cease-fire. Thanks to the Israeli success in the war, Egypt, Syria and Jordan were for the first time willing to negotiate with Israel, Mr. Peres said.  
It was true that receiving large sums, even from so a country as the U.S., made more dependent. But the U not in his opinion taking advantage of this dependence.

## Matza calls for speedier building around Flem

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
Jerusalem's Likud Deputy Mayor Yehoshua Matza called on the Government yesterday to speed up construction around Jerusalem in the housing estates of Ramot, Gilo, North Talpote and Neve Yaakov. "The peace of Jerusalem will be secured only by construction," he said. "We have to anticipate Dr. Kissinger's peace plan with acts."  
Mr. Matza, who is the Likud candidate for mayor, said it was regrettable that Mayor Teddy Kollek ignored political considerations three years ago when he opposed construction at Ramot and Gilo.

## Histadrut man pre less money avails for consumer goods

Jerusalem Post Reporter  
TEL AVIV. — Ezerat Oydim head Elmad Shillo predicts of 3 to 6 per cent in availability for consumer goods in the year.  
Because of the war, there is no growth in the national this year, and none can be in 1974 either, he told the Histadrut yesterday.  
Acting Secretary-General Y. Meshal said the Histadrut will not full cost-of-living allowance, not to disturb industrial. The ceiling on which the paid, which is now IL700 a is likely to be raised in Jan.

## WALDHEIM

(Continued from page 1)  
the official invitations — to date not yet issued — is who is to do the inviting? Here too the Arab states want Dr. Waldheim to invite, while Israel supports the original U.S.-Soviet intention: that the superpowers themselves invite all the other parties.  
Another problem still unresolved is how the official invitation will define the Geneva conference. If, as the Arab states propose, the invitation defines it as a conference to decide upon Israel's withdrawal from the occupied territories — Israel will be unable to accept it. Israel suggests a text which would speak of a conference to negotiate peace for the Middle East.  
This question too is due to be resolved by Kissinger during his Middle East tour.  
After the formal opening at Geneva and the speech of Dr. Waldheim as chairman of the session, the parties will read out prepared addresses in the following order: first the superpowers, then the Middle East protagonists in alphabetical order — Egypt, Israel, Jordan and Syria. This session will be open to news and media men.  
A closed session will then follow, probably on Wednesday, at which the parties will discuss procedure for the conference itself which will then adjourn to be resumed on January 18.  
Possibly, bilateral talks between Israel and Egypt on disengagement of forces — left pending from Kilometer 101 — will resume at Geneva after the opening session of the conference adjourns. In that case, Ahuf Aharon Yariv will represent Israel, as he did at Kilometer 101.

Egypt's negotiator there, General Mohammed Gansary, was appointed Chief of Staff on Wednesday and so President Sadat will have to appoint a new man to negotiate with Yariv. Officials in Jerusalem anticipate that Dr. Kissinger will request that all parties appoint a permanent representative to the peace conference — to remain in Geneva after the opening session adjourns. Israel's permanent representative would probably be a senior Foreign Ministry official.  
Israel's envoy at the U.N., Yosef Tekoa, might join the delegation to the opening session, officials said yesterday. The final composition of the delegation is expected to be announced after the Cabinet meeting today.

**NATAN SEA VIEW**  
8 rooms, 5 baths, 372 sq meters, centrally air conditioned and heated, 3 dunam private land, finest imported fittings, extra ordinary value.  
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**YAD IZHAK BEN-ZVI**  
December 16-20, 1973  
Yad Izhak Ben-Zvi continues to hold special daily lectures at PROGRAME: In cooperation with the Culture Dept. of Tel Municipality.  
SUNDAY, Dec. 16: Water systems in Judean Desert — Mr. Yosef Feldman  
MONDAY, Dec. 17: The Bedouin in the Judean Desert — Dr. Moshe Sharon  
TUESDAY, Dec. 18: The Michwar Fort and the Roman quest — Prof. Enson Riney  
WEDNESDAY, Dec. 19: The festival of Hanukkah in the tri of the Sages — Prof. Shmuel Safra  
THURSDAY, Dec. 20: Sack in Judean Desert — Dr. Moshe D. Bar

**Rubin Academy of Music, Jerusalem**  
**The Academic Year**  
will start on December 23, 1973.  
All departments of the Academy will open on Sunday, Dec. 23.  
All students (including those in the army, as far as this is possible) are asked to register at the Academic Secretariat.  
A list of the days next week, when counselling will be given, is given below (10 a.m.-12 noon):  
Piano Dept. — Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 18 and 19.  
Violin Dept. — Tuesday and Wednesday, Dec. 18 and 19.  
Theory and Composition Dept. — Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 19 and 20, 10 a.m.-12 noon and 4-6 p.m.  
Vocal Dept. — Thursday, Dec. 20  
Musical Education Dept. — Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 19 and 20  
Dance Dept. — Monday and Tuesday, Dec. 17 and 18  
The Academy is making special arrangements for students who have been called up, and for those who are called up during the academic year, to allow them to participate in studies. Special arrangements will also be made for those called up, and who thus did not take the examinations held after the war started.  
Those students who are in the army, and are thus unable to start studying on the date given above, are asked to keep in touch with the Academic Secretariat by letter.







## COPENHAGEN TALKS TODAY

## Mart summit may be altered by Arab visit

COPENHAGEN. — Heads of government from the nine European Common Market nations open a two-day summit here today but the focus of their deliberations is uncertain.

The meeting, originally suggested by French President Georges Pompidou to stake a claim for Europe in Middle East peace talks, was postponed by the announcement Wednesday night that at least five Arab ministers will arrive here today in hopes of talking with EEC leaders about oil and aid.

One proposal already waiting consideration by the EEC leaders was made by U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger in London on Wednesday. He proposed that Europe, America and Japan form an "Emergency Action group" and launch a crash attack on the oil crisis.

French sources said President Georges Pompidou will propose a "Marshall Plan" to aid the Arab nations. He is also expected to propose the creation of a high-level "Arab brigade" council which would coordinate a joint EEC response to international crises.

The idea is to have in each capital of the Community a high-level government official, possibly with cabinet rank, who would be available at any time of the day or night for consultations with colleagues in other Common Market countries on a joint attitude in the event of major crises—such as the October war, officials said.

But this might be impossible to combine with the joint transatlantic approach suggested by Dr. Kissinger — an approach which he said "Europe required" as the oil crisis has shown.

Dr. Kissinger's visit to Europe this week helped clear up misunderstandings between the U.S. and its allies. Deputy U.S. Secretary of State Kenneth Rush told a press conference in Chicago yesterday. He spoke almost at the same time as Dr. Kissinger was conceding in a speech in London that the U.S. may have been remiss about consulting its European allies, particularly during the October war.

(UPI, Reuters)

## Greece frees 300 detainees

ATHENS (UPI). — The Greek Government yesterday announced that all persons arrested during the rioting at Athens Polytechnic school in November would be released immediately. Over 300 persons, mostly students and building workers, were detained.

The incidents, which cost at least 13 lives, brought army tanks to the streets of Athens and caused a reimposition of martial law.

The announcement came as rumours circulated that the students were preparing to defy martial law and hold a memorial service on the campus of the Polytechnic next Monday. The atmosphere at the Polytechnic, near one of the city's main thoroughfares, has been tense since school reopened. Many students wear black arm bands as a sign of mourning for those killed by police in the riots. Hundreds of riot police were on 24-hour alert in case student unrest broke out again.

Meanwhile, reports said several cabinet ministers were resigning in protest over the new military rulers' hostile policy towards the press.

Since the coup, two newspapers have been shut down apparently for publishing articles displeasing to the military.

## U.N. VOTE ON SOUTH WEST AFRICA

UNITED NATIONS (UPI). — The General Assembly voted 107 to two, with 17 abstentions, on Wednesday to demand the immediate withdrawal of South African authorities from South West Africa and to terminate completely any contacts between the U.N. and South African authorities on the future of the disputed territory.

South Africa and Portugal voted against the resolution, with Western powers and Latin Americans abstaining.

## THE NIXON-HALDEMAN MEETING

## Expert view on gap in tapes

WASHINGTON (UPI). — A preliminary report by technical experts said yesterday that President Nixon's secretary, Rose Mary Woods, probably did not cause any part of an 18-minute gap on one of the Watergate tapes.

The report on their examination of a tape of a meeting between Nixon and H. R. Haldean — then his top aide — on June 30 last year was given to Judge Sirica by electronics experts.

Miss Woods has testified that she may have caused part of the gap in the tape by pushing the record button accidentally while she was transcribing the conversation. She thought, however, that this "accident" could only have caused about five minutes of the 18-minute gap.

White House counsel J. Fred Buzhardt said the noise in the gap could have been caused by an electric typewriter and a high intensity lamp.

But the technical experts told the Judge that the preliminary report showed that "neither the typewriter nor the typewriter was the likely cause of the 18-minute buzz." They said that the 18 minutes of conversation eradicated by the buzz "is probably not retrievable."

The experts said they would need to conduct further tests to determine whether the tape recorder itself "could have caused the buzz." It would take until the end of the year to complete these tests.

## YUGOSLAV DISSIDENT ASSERTS:

## East Europeans don't favour Arab cause against Israel

NEW YORK (INA). — Yugoslav dissident writer Mihajlov believes that from his impressions of public opinion in Yugoslavia, people living in East European countries do not support the Arab cause against Israel.

Writing in a recent issue of the liberal journal the "New Leader," Mihajlov says that despite one-sided treatment of the Middle East in the Yugoslav and Soviet bloc press, readers can still draw different conclusions than expected by their governments.

He noted that over the years East Europeans have learnt that Israel is a democratic state with two Communist parties, while most Arab nations are one-party dictatorships and that in Egypt some Communists are in prison. Mihajlov said people know the Arabs do not want to recognize Israel's existence and the Arab states provoked the 1967 conflict and that Syria and Egypt started the last war.

Mihajlov said, "The Middle East situation points up, more clearly than anything else, the mistake even such great statesmen as Secretary of State Henry Kissinger and Sena-

tor William Fulbright are making when they assert that the denial of civil liberties in the Communist world is purely an internal matter.

"All of mankind is involved in this issue — on the democratization of the so-called Socialist countries hangs the future of not only Eastern Europe, but the entire planet," Mihajlov said. "If the latest Arab-Israeli conflict helps people in the West to understand this, then the suffering and death brought about by this war will not have been totally senseless."

## Astronauts watch comet get brighter

SPACE CENTRE, Houston (AP). — The Skylab 3 astronauts reported yesterday that the comet Kohoutek is growing brighter and that with the naked eye, they could see a tail more than eight million kilometres long.

"Kohoutek is significantly brighter and it's got a really significant tail now," reported William Pogue as he snapped one of several daily photographs of the comet from the orbiting station.

"I can see it with the naked eye," he added. "There's a fairly bright star near the end of its tail. The astronomers should know which star I'm talking about. The tail extends from the head of the comet back to the star."

He estimated the length at between eight and nine-and-a-half million kilometres.

Until now, Pogue and his crewmates, Gerald Carr and Edward Gibson, reported difficulty spotting the comet without binoculars.

They plan extensive photography and observation of Kohoutek, as it sweeps toward a loop around the sun on December 28. Carr and Pogue plan space walks on December 25 and 26 to photograph it with an ultraviolet camera.

Scientists hope the Skylab's data, much better than that which can be

obtained from earth, will help determine the composition of a comet.

Kohoutek is now faintly visible to earthlings with binoculars before dawn in the south-east sky. But the best ground observations will come in early January, as Kohoutek heads away from the sun back into deep space.

Many scientists are saying it will not be as bright as first predicted, but should still provide a spectacular show as its tail streams out more than 80 million kilometres.

The comet yesterday was 174 million kilometres from earth and 78.4 million kilometres from the sun, travelling about 206,000 kph.

## HARVARD MAN SUBMITS PROPOSALS

## 'Real chance now ending M.E. conflict'

NEW YORK (UPI). — The October war shows that the resolution of the Arab-Israeli conflict is now a real possibility, Prof. Nadav Safar said in the January issue of the quarterly, "Foreign Affairs."

Safar, Professor of Government at Harvard University and author of several books about the Middle East, said that "the 1973 war has had an enormous impact on all the complex of factors that enter into the Arab-Israeli conflict." Both Israel and Egypt had learned lessons in 1973.

"Our panoramic survey... of the 1973 war shows that a resolution of the Arab-Israeli conflict has at last become a real possibility for the parties directly concerned, and an imperative necessity for outsiders that have been involved in it."

"Clearly, the most fundamental concern of Israel is ensuring its security; that of the Arabs, safeguarding their sovereignty. The two need not be incompatible... The two concerns can be reconciled in

one or more of the following: "By bringing in an outside factor to enhance Israel's strength to have it relax its stance for territorial modification, a factor might be a U.S.-Israel defence pact... "By introducing a flexible factor into an effort to bring the two... A plan might be upon whereby the actual territories is accomplished gradually way... "By broadening the concept of the boundaries to be set, for example, in exchange for its ceding sovereignty over past territories to meet Israel's needs, Israel might relinquish eighty per cent of its territory to meet such needs as the establishment of a national identity between the boundaries and the fertile crescent. Alternatively, a similar arm might be made that is base right of use, while sovereignty is retained intact."

## Moscow expels Swedish reporter U.K. action Uganda arre

MOSCOW (UPI). — The Soviet government has expelled Swedish radio correspondent Olle Stenholm, the Swedish Embassy said yesterday. A spokesman said he was advised by the Foreign Ministry press department on Wednesday that Stenholm's activities "were not compatible with his status as a foreign correspondent."

He said Stenholm was out of the country and his expulsion took the form of cancellation of his re-entry visa and his accreditation as a correspondent.

Last summer Stenholm conducted the first of many widely publicized interviews in which nuclear physicist Andrei Sakharov warned against Western accommodation with the Soviet Union in the absence of democratization here.

Later, the Swedish Government expressed their "regrets and surprise" over the expulsion.

LONDON (UPI). — The High Commissioner in Uganda made a personal approach to Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs half of 33 tourists detained here since Tuesday, a Foreign spokesman said yesterday. A spokesman as saying the "censures" are being questioned Capital.

According to information from the foreign office in London, 33 tourists are members of a city expedition, the spokesman said. Their nationalities are British, Canadian, Dutch, and Japanese.

The High Commissioner is trying, so far without success, to obtain access to them. The expedition was travelling to East Africa and decided to go to Uganda because of bad roads, the spokesman said.

# From THE MAYOR To THE CITIZENS OF TEL AVIV

Fellow Citizens,

At the end of September, we put before you a programme of work for the four years, 1973-1977. A few days later, the Yom Kippur War broke out.

Despite the suddenness of events, the City Administration succeeded in immediately setting up an Emergency Administration for Tel Aviv. Today it is possible to say with certainty that Tel Aviv met the test imposed on those on the home front. Almost without exception, all the City's services were in full operation: the food supply was ensured; the water, electricity and fuel systems were free of snarls; rubbish and street nuisances were removed; the welfare services adapted themselves to the new conditions; the centres for the supply of information and for the acceptance of applications for assistance from the public were in operation 24 hours a day.

We are not now proposing to cancel the programme of work referred to above. It is clear that some parts of the programme will be changed or delayed: the war and the extended emergency period that followed have brought basic changes in our way of life, and have changed our order of priorities. But we must remember that the work programme refers to a period of four years. It may well be that what appears today as impossible or superfluous will, after two years of — peace, appear in a different light. It must be added that the programme presented before the war was not a programme of plenty — the need for which would have appeared doubtful. We shall, therefore, leave the programme on the agenda, and return to it as appropriate, in line with needs and possibilities.

Citizens,

The war and the following emergency period have brought several subjects to the top of the municipal priorities ladder:

- Iriyat Tel Aviv-Yafo is now planning the setting up of an advice and direction bureau for young people released from the army and from long periods of reserve service. This bureau will be concerned with the preferential direction of these young people, in matters of housing, institutions of higher learning, etc. Also, employment and acquiring a profession. The bureau will provide welfare, psychological, and legal aid, as appropriate.

- Iriyat Tel Aviv-Yafo has broadened even further the scope of its scheme covering the purchase and renting of housing for young couples. Priority here will be given to young people after release from the army, or from long periods of reserve service. The Municipality will demand that the Government give these young people housing rights, similar to those given to new immigrants.

- With the assistance of the Government, the Municipality is establishing special funds to assist self-employed breadwinners — businessmen, workshop owners, etc. — whose business have been harmed as a result of long periods of army reserve service.

- The Municipality is setting up a special centre for giving advice, direction and dealing with the problems of the families of those who have been called up or injured. This centre will make contact with these families, will receive applications made by them and, with the aid of the Municipality's services, will take action to ease their problems.

- The Municipality will intensify economy measures, and the introduction of efficiency measures among the Municipality's staff, in line with the spirit of the times and the conditions arising in the aftermath of the war.

Dear Citizens,

I venture to hope that our achievements in the last four years, the job done by the emergency administration of the City during the height of the Emergency, our preparedness for challenges to come, our comprehensive and radical programme for the next four years and its special priority sections, conceived in the light of the needs of the present time — all these will persuade you to continue giving us your trust.

Yours, sincerely,  
YEHOSHUA RABINOWITZ  
Mayor

and candidate of Hama'arach  
for the mayoralty of Tel-Aviv-Yafo

הנהלת העיר תל אביב-יפו



# U.S. FACING 25 PER CENT PETROL SHORTAGE IN '74

WASHINGTON. — The U.S. administration has proposed a 25 per cent cut in petrol supplies for 1974. Officials said that the cut, combined with the Arab embargo of crude oil supplies, will create a 25 per cent petrol shortage early next year.

The plan, unveiled on Wednesday, will mean that the new energy czar, William Simon, named by President Nixon last week to head the Federal Energy Agency, said the programme would go into effect on January 1, after public review.

Priority customers such as army services, public transport, and agriculture will be given their needs met, while commercial bulk users will be given the same amount of petrol as in 1972.

Simon also proposed that major highways and freeways be turned off, except at interchanges and ramps where the lighting would be cut in half. If imposed after public comment, this action could save the energy equivalent of 15,000 barrels of oil daily, Simon said.

Simon ordered federal agencies to reduce their driving by 20 per cent in the first quarter of next year and to get rid of limousines and heavy sedans, returning those vehicles to the President, Vice-President, and certain security needs, he said, apparently referring to the special protective and communication features needed for the nation's highest officials and for visiting dignitaries.

Simon told agencies to use compact or subcompact cars unless a large car was absolutely necessary. He also told federal agencies to allocate their employee parking spaces on a point system designed to encourage car pooling and to tune up agency vehicles at least once a year.

In a move to prevent excessive petroleum exports from the U.S. during the fuel crisis, Simon placed exports under a licensing system effective immediately. For the time being, he announced, the system would be used to monitor exports but not to limit them.

As Mr. Simon spelled out plans for immediate action against the energy crisis, President Nixon was considering speeding up his proposed programme to create new domestic energy sources.

Senator Hugh Scott, the Republican leader, told reporters after a meeting with the President that Mr. Nixon was discussing a plan to spend \$10,000m. on energy research over the next three years, instead of the previously planned five year period.

A former Presidential economic adviser, Mr. Walter Heller, who served under Presidents Kennedy and Johnson, predicted in testimony to Congress that 1974 could see American economic growth at a standstill because of the tight oil supply.

to get rid of their big limousines by January 1.

He proposed that all commercial and industrial buildings, including stores, factories and offices, be required to reduce their lighting to "minimum but effective and safe." The proposed reductions would cut lighting to roughly one-third to one-sixth of customary levels, and save some \$80,000 barrels of oil daily.

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President Nixon, left, and his new energy chief, William Simon, at a White House meeting of the Energy Emergency Action Committee on Wednesday.

## EXCHANGE OF VISITORS

# Israel busy putting its views to Bonn

By BRIAN ARTHUR  
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BONN. — A concerted Israel Government effort to mobilize public opinion in West Germany during the Geneva Peace Conference will bring a series of top German political visitors to Israel in the coming months.

The visitors will include Conservative Opposition leader Helmut Kohl; West Berlin's Social Democratic Mayor, Klaus Schütz; and his party colleague and Mayor of Bremen Hans Koschick. Although a date for the visits has not been officially announced, it was reliably learned here that all three men have accepted invitations.

The expected visits are just the latest announced in an exchange of personalities between the two countries organized by the Israeli government and aimed at lining up key West German opinion-makers behind Israel's goals and policies.

A recent opinion poll here revealed that the majority of West Ger-

mans endorse a tough stand against Arab oil blackmail, but there is less certainty about how the average German would react on critical issues at the Geneva peace talks, such as the border question.

In past weeks over half a dozen Israeli senior government officials and University personalities have come to West Germany to lecture and inform select groups among intellectuals and political parties on the needs and situation in Israel.

Chancellor Willy Brandt's deputy Socialist Party leader Heinz Rahn was in Israel recently, followed by a group of Christian Democrat lawmakers and currently a delegation of the Bonn Parliament's Israel-German group.

Among the Israelis who have come here so far are Professors Shmuel Talmor, Zvi Werblowski, Yehuda Blum, Emanuel Gutmann (all of the Hebrew University), Prof. Benjamin Akzin of Haifa University, and Mr. Zvi Ussishkin and Mr. Benjamin Lavon of the Foreign Ministry.

# ARABS ACTIVE IN LATIN AMERICA

NEW YORK (DNA). — The Arab States have taken another major step towards their goal of denying Latin American political support to Israel by organizing the region's large Arab communities. It was reported this week by the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, a newly created federation of Arab entities of the Americas (FEARAB).

The decision to create FEARAB was taken at a meeting of the first Arab Pan-American Congress, convened in Buenos Aires in October by the Government of Syria. The resolution of the congress calling for the creation of the continental body described it as the link with the Arab countries, transmitting to the federations all of their instructions and desires.

The Arab population of Latin America, variously estimated at around three million, is considerably larger than the Jewish population of approximately 850,000. Arab propagandists have, in the past, progressed slowly in their efforts to convert the Arab population into partisans of the Arab cause in the Middle East.

The major reason for the resistance of the Arab communities is the fact that most are Christians of Lebanese descent who are aware that Israel and Lebanon have parallel interests and manage to live in comparative harmony. The creation of the FEARAB structure represents a considerable forward movement, for it provides the structural framework within which the Arab population can be more effectively propagandized and proselytized to the anti-Israel and anti-Jewish cause.

The first Arab Pan-American Congress adopted a 15-point programme, some of which involved cultural programmes such as the establishment of Friendship Houses, Arab universities, and the sending of government officials to visit Arab countries. Other plans are designed to intensify the use of economics as a weapon in the Arab nations' battle to win the political support of the Latin American governments. These plans call for the creation of investment and security firms, and Arab National Banks and Arab National Chambers of Commerce in each country.

# Germans find 'real will' for peace' in Israel

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Members of a Bundestag delegation here on a goodwill mission for the past three days said yesterday that they have found in Israel "a genuine will for peace at all levels—governmental and popular." Speaking to the press, Günther Metzger, the leader of the five-man delegation, said Israel was willing to make "great sacrifices" to obtain peace within secure borders.

The German parliamentarians said they supported Israel on this point, as well as on Israel's insistence that an agreement with the Arabs be achieved in direct talks. Germany, they added, was determined not to yield to the Arab oil blackmail.

"Israel can be assured that there is a great deal of European solidarity with her, despite various official declarations," Mr. Metzger said. He is a member of the ruling Social Democrats party.

The delegation has invited a return visit by Knesset parliamentarians at the first possible opportunity.

Hans Roser, member of the opposition CDU-CSU, expressed his misgivings about the Soviet intentions generally: "Detente is indivisible — if the Soviets want a detente in Europe, they must prove the same spirit in the Middle East."

Dr. Rolf Boeger, of the coalition party FDP, said he "personally" was not sure about the future of Jerusalem. "If Israel claims sovereignty over the city in the future, there must be binding guarantees of freedom of worship for all religions concerned with the holy city," he said.

## EIGHT EXECUTED IN NORTH YEMEN

BEIRUT (UPI). — Eight persons were executed in the North Yemen capital of Sana yesterday, the Iran News Agency said. They were convicted of taking part in the assassination of Sheikh Mohammed Ali Othman, member of the three-man Republican Council, the highest executive authority in North Yemen.

# Kissinger's oil plan will take five years

Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's oil plan might take five years to complete, according to a joint effort by the U.S., Europe and Japan to develop new energy sources and conserve existing ones, a senior U.S. official said Thursday in Algeria.

Kissinger unveiled his plan for a programme to develop new energy sources and conserve existing ones in London on Wednesday.

A U.S. official said the Arab would be invited to join the programme as a means of reducing the oil problem. However, he said, they would be invited to do so only if they would agree to make major financial and intellectual contributions.

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# 'Arab oil cuts similar to U.S. trade policy'

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, J. William Fulbright, has compared Arab policy on oil with U.S. policy on Soviet trade. "Every nation uses its principal product as a tool to achieve its goals," he told reporters after a long lunch session on Wednesday with Saudi Arabian Petroleum Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani and Algerian Energy Minister Belaid Adjem.

Fulbright was referring to the U.S. trade bill amendment which would make the granting of trade concessions to Russia contingent on the Soviet Union granting permission for the emigration of Jews.

Fulbright said there had been no arguments during the luncheon, attended by 12 senators.

Asked if the two visitors had been "challenged" on the oil embargo policy, Fulbright said they had not. "There were a lot of questions but no challenges," he said. Yamani had outlined essentially the same terms he had previously listed for a resumption of oil shipments: a promise by Israel, backed by the U.S., to return to its 1967 borders.

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# Venezuela's new leader: oil for justice

CARACAS. — Carlos Andres Perez, who will lead Venezuela through the next five years, is determined to capitalize on its oil wealth. Perez, 51, won a surprise landslide victory for his Democratic Action party (AD) on a platform of "firm" government.

The landfalls could well pass a record 300,000 votes over the governing Christian Democrat's (COPEL) Lorenzo Fernandez. It also promises to give the 51-year-old right-of-centre politician the majority in the two houses of Congress, enabling him to carry out a long list of reforms.

The big win at the polls confirmed popular backing for reforming Venezuela's archaic bureaucracy, development of the fledgling national oil industry and the use of the oil weapon to obtain "most favoured nation" status from trade partners like the United States.

Perez told a news conference yesterday he believed the developing countries such as Venezuela had now gained the advantage in dealing with industrial powers. "We say to the industrialized countries: give us just treatment and we will give you oil. There will be no vengeance, nor reprisals, nor confrontation, but rather a conversation of equals," he said. (Reuters, UPI)

# Sudan terror probe adjourned

KHARTOUM (AP). — The Court of Inquiry into the killing of three foreign diplomats in Khartoum last March was adjourned indefinitely yesterday after an appeal to the High Court by the eight Palestinians accused of the murders.

The eight, accused of killing American Ambassador Cleo Noel, his assistant Curtis Moore and Belgian Charge d'Affaires Guy Eid in the cellar of the Saudi Arabian Embassy, are appealing against a ruling that Sudanese courts have full jurisdiction over the case.

The inquiry magistrate agreed to the request for the adjournment presented by one of the accused, Rizig Abu-Ghassan, saying it was their privilege to appeal against his decisions.

Rizig told the court that the eight rejected completely any trial in any shape or form. "The mechanical application of the law in our case constitutes a very grave precedent for commando activities and will bear grave consequences for the Sudan," he said.

# The mistakes behind the U.S. energy crisis

WASHINGTON (AP). — Fear of damage to the Nixon administration in an election year may have contributed to the fuel age, U.S. Senate investigators have been told.

A series of interviews conducted under oath, some of the nation's most senior oil planners acknowledged mistakes and miscalculations made over the last three years were partially responsible for the energy crisis.

Officials said warnings that oil production would start tapering off were not taken. They said timely steps were not taken to increase imports of foreign crude oil to take a slack.

They gambled that there would be no shortages and that the most severe thing that would happen would be the development of a tight supply-demand situation, said Lavern F. Duffy, who is the oil shortage probe the Senate permanent subcommittee on investigations.

He said Gen. George Lincoln of the Office of Emergency Preparedness (OEP), should have known that one of his aides had prepared an analysis predicting that production from oil wells inside the U.S. would peak in 1972, fully three to four years earlier than other estimates.

The warning was ignored, Duffy said. He said that even after it proved correct, a virtual paralysis in the policy-making machinery appeared to prevent the immediate increase of oil import quotas.

Duffy's testimony was prepared for delivery to the subcommittee headed by Senator Henry M. Jackson.

In one of the interviews, William C. Trupner, Director for Resource Analysis of OEP, acknowledged that the 1972 presidential election could have been a factor behind the agency's reluctance to change oil policy.

"To say that any programme having the impact of the oil import programme was not connected with public relations or elections or many other things would be silly," he said.

The interviews also indicated that only a few oil policy officials had any expertise in that field.

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# Soviet attacks moves to change trade bill

(UPI). — The weekly "Moscow News" said that if the U.S. violates a logical conclusion suggests itself — that if an agreement can be violated on one point, it may also be violated on others.

"Moscow News" said that opponents of detente in the U.S. "including Zionist circles" were trying to "use the granting of such (trade) treatment to bring political pressure to bear on the Soviet Union on matters which are solely within its competence."

The Soviet comment followed the approval by the U.S. House of Representatives of an amendment to the Bill allowing President Nixon to lower tariffs on Soviet goods.

The newspaper said that trade was the "material foundation" of detente, adding: "The significance of Soviet-American relations for the destiny of the world today is too great to make them dependent on the selfish interests of a small minority."

The newspaper did not mention that opponents of most-favoured nation treatment wanted to make the trade status contingent on the Soviet Union's allowing unrestricted emigration of minorities, especially Jews.

# Iraq ends state of emergency

BEIRUT (UPI). — Iraq yesterday ended the state of emergency which was declared throughout the country at the outbreak of the October War on October 6, the Iraq News Agency said yesterday.

# Another "deed" like that and...

On the eve of Yom Kippur, Hama'arach said  
LET THEM TALK  
LET US GET ON WITH THE JOB

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"Hama'arach's policy is liable to lead to catastrophe."  
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# BRITISH BOOK PRAISES ISRAEL'S FIGHT AGAINST BLACKMAIL

## 'Skyjack: The Story of Air Piracy'

By JACK HARRISON  
 London Post Correspondent

It is a testament to the success of the Israeli Air Force that the first hijacking of an Israeli aircraft took place in 1972. In 1972 it had the highest total number of hijackings on the North Atlantic route — 59 per cent. In April 1973 it opened a non-stop jumbo flight to New York. It had plans to fly to South America and even to open an around-the-world service.

David Phillips quotes Arab terrorist leader Dr. George Habash as saying an Italian journalist at the outset of the skyjack conflict: "Would you really want to fly El Al?" Phillips answers: "Four years later more and more people were doing so."

Phillips chronicles the history of aerial piracy since the first recorded case in 1931 when revolutionaries in Peru seized a mail plane in order to drop propaganda. Ironically, Captain Byron Dague Rickards, the American pilot of the Peruvian aircraft, became the first pilot to be skyjacked twice. In 1961 he was the captain of a Continental Airways B-707 which was seized at El Paso in Texas by two Americans, Leon Bearden and his 16-year-old son, Cody.

The destination selected by the Beardens, the first criminals to skyjack an American airliner, was Cuba. But they were disarmed by FBI agents who crept into the cockpit before they could force the pilot to take off.

Phillips writes: "Bearden looked

upon Cuba, as so many skyjack misfits were to do later, as a haven of hate rather than a haven of hope. Cuba kept up a steady stream of virulent propaganda against the United States. It acted like a siren call to those disenchanted in America to whom skyjacking appeared as a dramatic way to express their dislike and their contempt for their own country, a quick means to live among people whose feelings they felt matched their own."

Phillips chronicles the most spectacular of over 400 incidents in which sir pirates have seized planes of all shapes and sizes, from the Trimotor Ford. But this book is more than a catalogue, it analyses the distinct phases and cycles of aerial piracy in the context of civil aviation's increasing role in world transport and of the emergence of revolutionary and terror movements around the globe. The rush of skyjacked planes from the United States to Cuba during the 1960s brought these countries to the verge of war. The seizure of Western airliners by Arab gangs seeking to bring pressure to bear on Israel triggered diplomatic crises in capitals throughout Europe.

**Tshombe grabbed**

Skyjacking took a major turn when Moise Tshombe, the former Prime Minister of the Congo, was grabbed in 1967 aboard a British Executive jet during a sightseeing jaunt around the Balearic Islands. Until then most skyjackers had been

motivated by a desire to obtain financial gain by holding passengers hostage. Tshombe was the first passenger to be held as a political pawn: by Algerian President Houari Boumedienne who, until Tshombe's death in captivity, dangled him in front of his arch-enemy, the Congo's dictator, General Mobutu.

The Tshombe affair was a conspiracy whose authors have never been satisfactorily identified. Francis Bodennan, the hijacker, who conducted the operation, was an unimaginative French crook who had twice been convicted for murder. He was detained by the Algerians and then set free. But his operation gave the Arab terrorists of the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine the idea of kidnapping passengers for political extortion.

"Skyjack" presents the modern successor of the highwayman as a bizarre and picturesque phenomenon of 20th-century history. Phillips examines and dissects the wide gamut of motives which have inspired aerial hijacking: greed, escape from tyranny, daredevilry, idealism, subversion and plain insanity. The book is dedicated to the airline flight crews, stewards and stewardesses whom the author describes as "those in the front line of the skyjack war." If Phillips had included the combatants as well, the list of combatants would by now have run into many thousands.

"Skyjack, The Story of Air Piracy" by David Phillips. Harrow, London. 22/7.

# HILOAH STUDY FORECASTS HISTORY'S GREATEST HOARD

## ab treasures to hold \$175,000m.

SABAH HONIG  
 Jerusalem Post Reporter

V. — By the end of this Middle East oil-producing world will have accumulated the largest hoard of foreign currencies in the conclusion reached by Benjamin Shwadran in "Middle East Oil and The Future," just published by the Centre for Middle East Studies at Tel Aviv University.

Shwadran estimates that by the end of the century the Middle East governments would hold as much as \$175,000m. in foreign currencies, which is a larger amount than any state in financial history.

The balance of payments surplus from the import-export trade of the U.S. by the decade, would be \$1,000m. annually. The balance of payments surplus to \$25,000m. and that in 1978-79 would be \$15,000m.

The author strongly believes that the U.S. would mobilize all its resources and know-how to become totally independent in the supply of its energy needs. He notes that Middle East oil could be replaced by a number of other

sources, especially the shale deposits in the American states of Colorado and Wyoming.

Prof. Shwadran also concludes that any positive solution which would relieve the West and Japan from absolute dependence on Middle East oil and stabilize the price of that oil on the international markets, while guaranteeing a steady and reasonable income to the producing countries, "would greatly diminish the role of the Soviet Union in the complex Middle East problem." While the U.S.S.R. might not look favourably on such a development, Prof. Shwadran says that it "would be a great boon to peace."

**Botswana minister to Cairo for Arab oil**

DAR ES SALAAM (Reuters). — Botswana Foreign Minister Nkomo Keatl passed through Dar Es Salaam Airport yesterday on his way to Cairo to discuss with Arab leaders the effects on his country of the Arab oil boycott against South Africa. He said that Botswana was already suffering from an energy crisis in its mining industry.

# Siberia floats on sea of oil

## U.S. jobless rate will rise by 6%

LONDON (Ofna). — Siberian and Arctic petroleum reserves are called upon to improve the fuel position in Western Europe or, in the long term, to alleviate the energy crisis in the world.

Some foreigners claim that Siberia is "an outside raft floating on an ocean of oil and gas as broad as the whole North American continent," and that the U.S.S.R. possesses the greatest oil reserves in the world.

Other estimates are more cautious. The BP figures on published proved reserves at the end of last year put the oil reserves of the U.S.S.R., China, and Eastern Europe together at 13,400 million tons, or 14.7 per cent of world resources. The Middle East is credited by this study with 43,500 million tons, or just over half the proved world reserves.

This estimate for the East is one of the lowest. American geologists and some West German sources set the Soviet reserves at nearer 60,000 million tons, which is higher than the BP published "proved" figure for the Middle East.

According to figures released earlier this month in Moscow, 32 new gas and oil fields were discovered in the Tyumen district alone in the last three years.

# Alternative technology is dead

By NIGEL HAWKES  
 LONDON (Ofna). — A little quiet satisfaction now that the energy crisis has arrived are those who have been predicting it all along.

In the past two years a growing number of environmentalists, scientists and political radicals have been discussing what will happen when Western civilization grinds to a halt for lack of fuel. Some have put their ideas into action by setting up self-sustaining communes or houses which reject conventional technology in favour of an alternative which does not depend on cheap energy, polluting technology or the exploitation of man by man.

This "Alternative Technology" movement, for lack of a better name, has grown in size and influence, both in the United States and Europe. Now, with the conventional world on its knees for lack of a little oil, it could be said to be enjoying its finest hour.

But, at this very moment, one of the movement's pioneers has turned round and announced that alternative technology is finished. The critic is Peter Harper, once a university research scientist but for the past few years a persuasive advocate for the movement, and a man who even persuaded Unesco to give him a grant to write a report about it.

"I can hardly bring myself to say it," he writes in "Undercurrents" (a more-or-less regular magazine which serves as a house journal for the British alternative technology movement), "but I think alternative technology is dead."

Harper's reasons for reaching this depressing conclusion are three. First, he points out that many of the disparate aims of the movement are not compatible with each other. It may be impossible to do as alternative technologists want, and devise a technology which is both clean environmentally and uses less of the world's valuable resources than conventional technology. "For a given output, an ecologically 'clean' technology will often require more resources, be more complex and more expensive," Harper concludes.

His second reason is that alternative technology is simply very expensive. The idea of going away to a quiet corner of the world to live on nothing turns out to be a fantasy. And the consequences of high costs cannot be escaped by saying that you will do everything

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 השבויים הישראליים שהגיעו בשתי קבוצות נתקבלו בלוד השבויים שחזרו בפרחים ובתשואות.

**1 אחר חצות**  
 אחר חצות הגיעו השבויים הישראליים. הם נתקבלו בפרחים ובתשואות.

**Pretty girl soldiers offered bouquets to PoWs**  
 Jerusalem Post Military Correspondent  
 TEL AVIV. — Thirty-five more prisoners were freed today, almost half the total held by Israel. An additional 165 wounded Egyptian soldiers were also released.

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## Services

# BEHOVOT

**ADAS SAILONG Synagogue (Chamorro)**  
 (P) 8:00 a.m. Sabbath: 8:00 a.m. (S)  
 Sermons: 5:00 p.m. Tomorrow: 8:30 a.m.  
 Sermons: Rabbi Meir Yidit.

**ASERKELON**  
 Kehilat Netzach Yisrael (The Betse-  
 va's Gerbovov Community Center, Derech  
 Ets'ava Chaim, corner Harel, Afirad).  
 Tonight: 5:00 p.m. Sabbath: Shabat.  
 Sermons: Shabbat: 9:00 a.m. Sermon:  
 Rabbi Pinhas Spectre.

**BEERSHEVA**  
 Young Israel (Shikun Beth) Tonight:  
 8:00 p.m. Sabbath: 8:00 a.m.

St. George's Cathedral (Anglican, Nablus Road, Jerusalem) Sunday: Holy

Communion 8.00 p.m. (English). Morning  
Worship (A.R.C.) 9.30 a.m. Sung.  
Eucharist Evensong and Sermon 6.00  
p.m. Daily (Mon. to Sat.). Holy Com-  
munion 7.00 a.m. Evensong 6.00 p.m.  
Chapel of St. Stephen (A. N. S. S. S.,  
Jerusalem): Saturday Services. Bible  
Study: 9.45 a.m. Worship 11.00 a.m.  
Church of Christ (across the street  
from the Rockefeller Museum). Bible  
Classes: 10.00 a.m. Worship: 11.00 a.m.  
and 6.00 p.m. Wednesday: Bible Classes,  
6.00 p.m.  
Church (Anglican) (Trafalgar Sq.)

Evening Service, 6.00 p.m.  
Lutheran Church (Muristan Rd., Old

City, Jerusalem), Sunday, 9.00 a.m. Arabic Church of the Redeemer, 9.00 a.m. English - Crusader Chapel of the Redeemer, 9.00 a.m. English Crusader Chapel of the Redeemer Church, 10.0 a.m. German Church of the Redeemer. Church of Scotland (Presbyterian near Railway Station), Jerusalem. Tel. 84326. Sunday Morning Service, 10.00 a.m. "Shalom" - The Finnish School (Lutheran) (26 Rehov Shvilat Israel).

Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day

**Sainsbury (the Mormon Church)** meets each Saturday 2.30 p.m. in the City Centre, 100, Market Street. For information call 02-232474, or 02-381035.

**Church of God, Mount of Olives near Fort Belvoir** (English/Hebrew/Arabic) Sunday: Worship 10.00 a.m. Thursday: Prayer 6.00 p.m.

**International Evangelical Church (55 Street of the Prophets, Jerusalem)** (Sunday: Worship: 9.00 a.m. Evening Fellowship: 7.00 p.m., Wednesday: Bible Study: 7.50 p.m.)

**International Church of the Yarmouk Center (38 Nabulus Road, by the Y.M.C.A. Building, Jerusalem)** (English/Hebrew services: Sunday 11.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m. House of Prayer, 19/90 Rehov Ein-Hogla, Jerusalem: Sunday: 10.00 a.m. prayer and Worship: 10.30 a.m.)

**Association for Unification of World Religions** (Jerusalem) (Sunday at 9.00 a.m. and each Sunday at 9.00 a.m. Interested people write to F.O.E. 100, Market Street, Jerusalem)

**Seventh-Day Adventist Congregation** (Services in Hebrew, English and German) (Jerusalem) (Sunday, 9.30 a.m. Bible Study, 10.30 a.m. Worship, Wednesday, 7.00 p.m.)

East Jerusalem). Saturday, 9.30 a.m. Bible Study. 10.30 a.m. Worship.

**Immanuel Lutheran Church** (Official Sat-  
urday) Old New Court, Tel Aviv).  
Saturdays: 11:00 a.m.

**Evangelical Episcopal (Anglican)**  
**Church** (Jaffa, Immanuel Church, Beer  
Sheva). Street, off Biala Street, Sun-  
day School, 9:00 a.m., 6:00 p.m. Thurs-  
day: Bible Study, 7:30 p.m.  
Morality (Tel. 4386464). Sunday, 7:30  
p.m. Communion, 9:30 a.m. Family  
Service.

**Christian Science Service**, Hilton Hot-  
el, Tel Aviv, Sunday, 11:00 a.m.

**Pekah Tikva Baptist Congregation** (2  
kilometers north of Pekah Tikva.) Satur-  
days: Bible Study, 9:45 a.m.  
Worship, 10:00 a.m.

**Nareash Ukrainian Catholic Chapel**,  
Masruba Old City, two blocks over the  
Luzon Hotel, Tel Aviv. Mass, 9:00 a.m.  
Christ Child Center, Sunday, Mass 9:00,  
11:00 a.m.

**Lake's Church, Haifa** (Anglican) 4  
mi. Lake's Street, near U.N.O. and Haifa  
Harbor. (Services in English), Sunday 10:00  
a.m. Holy Communion.

**EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS**

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Bab el Mandeb, Grand, Haroun Rashid, 65333;  
Beit El Ayya, 15 Be'er Sheva, 65333;  
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Tel Aviv, 222788; (evening) Givant, 12

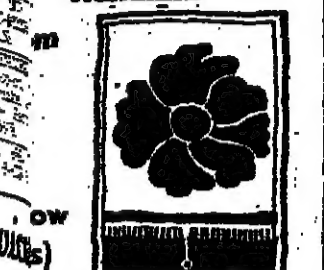
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 times of Arrivals and  
 DEPARTURE  
 FRIDAY  
 El Al 382 from Vienna, 0845;  
 on Bangkok and Bombay;  
 on 183 from Saigon, Bang-  
 and Tehran, 0510; El Al  
 0625; BOAC 319 from  
 123 from Nicosia 1210; TWA  
 1 and Frankfurt 1440; Air  
 from Paris, 1555; El Al 464  
 and Athens, 1530; El Al 345  
 1630; TWA 610 from Boston,  
 1645; TWA 840 from  
 Rome and Athens, 1726;  
 from Rome 1735; Swissair  
 1801; ELA 483 from  
 Air France 558 from Paris  
 2235.  
 TWA 811 to Rome, Pa-  
 0630; Air France 153 to  
 El Al 463 to Rome 0645;  
 Frankfurt and New York,  
 231 to Zurich, 0720; El Al  
 0739; CFA 205 to Athens,  
 nd Montreal, 0730; Olympic  
 0800; TWA 841 to Athens,  
 New York 0815; El Al 465 to  
 Air France 123 to Athens  
 51; El Al 291 to Paris, 0800;  
 0800; ELA 483 to London,  
 521 to Nicosia, 0945; BOAC  
 1125; Air France 194 to  
 1235; Bangkok, Saigon  
 640; TWA 510 to Bangkok  
 Hong Kong 1510 Athens  
 1620.  
 SATURDAY  
 TWA 811 from Bangkok  
 0445; TWA 840 from New  
 Frankfurt 1440; Lufthansa  
 Frankfurt and Munich, 1515;  
 n Boston, Paris and Rome,  
 1600 from N.Y., Rome and  
 Athens 1735; El Al 463  
 1735; ELA 483 from Paris  
 1735; TWA 610 from Rome  
 1735; TWA 840 from Rome  
 1735; TWA 841 to Athens,  
 New York 0815; El Al 465 to  
 Air France 123 to Athens  
 51; El Al 291 to Paris, 0800;  
 0800; ELA 483 to London,  
 521 to Nicosia, 0945; BOAC  
 1125; Air France 194 to  
 1235; Bangkok, Saigon  
 640; TWA 510 to Bangkok  
 Hong Kong 1510 Athens  
 1620.  
 S: TWA 811 to Rome, Paris  
 0600; TWA 741 to Frankfurt  
 01; Swissair 331 to Zurich,  
 14 to Athens, Rome and  
 1735; TWA 840 from Rome  
 1735; ELA 483 to London,  
 1735; TWA 610 to Bangkok  
 Hong Kong 1510; TWA  
 Athens 1620.

**IWANIR Ltd. Fashion Shops**  
 have vacancies for  
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 for split working day only.  
 Please apply personally to Mr. Aki, IWANIR Ltd. Fashion Shops,  
 128 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel Aviv, between 8 a.m. and 12 noon.

On the Feast of Hanukkah, help light the heart  
 and face of an orphan.  
 Please contribute generously to the  
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 Orphan Home for Boys, Jerusalem, Israel  
  
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 Tel. 282155  
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**A Hanukkah Bazaar**  
 will be held on  
 Saturday at 5.30 p.m.  
 Verdoux, 65 Rehov Ibn Gvirol, Tel Aviv  
 All proceeds will be used for the benefit  
 of wounded soldiers.

**TOVA**  
 Institute for Retarded Children  
 27 Rehov Sokolov, Ramat Hasharon  
 Accepts retarded children (confined to bed) -  
 full board provided. Monthly payment.  
 Details: every day between 6 and 10 p.m.  
 Tel. 03-771669

**THE RIDING CENTRE OF ISRAEL, GANAI YEHUDA**  
 We have a number of well schooled  
**HORSES**  
 for sale,  
 Tel. 03-787675.

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**HEAT RIDING COUNTRY, BUT DON'T MISS IT!**  
 Numerous apartments under construction at various choice locations in  
 Ezer Sela, Ra'anana and Netanya. Courtesy transportation. Viewing  
 without obligation.  
 Harry while they last!  
 BILL KLINGER, 32 Rehov Tagore, Suite 504, Ramat Aviv, Tel. 415780.

**NEW IN ISRAEL**  
 Complete suite of bedroom furniture from Brazil  
**PALISANDER** IL1800  
**WHITE DUKU** IL2100  
**TOMA,**  
 92 Rehov Ben-Yehuda, Tel Aviv; Tel. 231421  
 Showroom: 1 Rehov Smolenskin, corner Reh. Ben-Yehuda.

**TO LET**  
**BEAUTIFUL 7-ROOM VILLA**  
 in a big garden; central heating, storeroom, garage; in Beit Hakerem,  
 Jerusalem.  
 Apply  
 C/o P.O.B. 81  
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**American Company**  
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**Experienced Accountant (male or female)**  
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 Five-day week.  
 Please write to P.O.B. 33023, Tel Aviv  
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**Large Travel Agency in Tel Aviv**  
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**TOUR OPERATOR**  
 with working knowledge of English and Hebrew,  
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 Please call Tel. 03-239147 for appointment.

**REQUIRED**  
**SALES CLERK** (male or female)  
 with good taste.  
 Preferably with experience in the furniture line.  
**Nohiut's Furniture Ltd.**  
 4 Rehov Shlomo Hamalka, Jerusalem

**AEA** The Association of Engineers and  
 Architects in Israel  
 International Technical  
 Cooperation Centre  
**The 3rd World Congress of  
 Engineers and Architects in Israel**  
 on the theme:  
**DIALOGUE IN DEVELOPMENT -  
 NATURAL AND HUMAN  
 RESOURCES**  
 opens on Monday, Dec. 17, 1973, at the  
 Frederic R. Mann Auditorium, Tel Aviv,  
 at 8.30 p.m.  
 Lectures and Panel sessions: Tuesday to Friday,  
 Dec. 18-21, 1973, at the Tel Aviv Hilton Hotel  
 Sunday, Dec. 23, 1973 - "Technion Day" Haifa  
 Monday, Dec. 24, 1973 - "Jerusalem Day"  
 Registration fees of IL150 (AEA members), IL200 (non-members)  
 are accepted up to and including Saturday, Dec. 15, 1973, at the  
 AEA Headquarters, Beit Hamandass, Tel Aviv, 200 Rehov  
 Dizengoff, or at the Association Branches in Haifa and Jerusalem.

**THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM**  
 invites applications for the post of  
**Head of Operating System Group**  
 Duties consist of organization and management of operating system  
 group, development and maintenance of software for a multi-main-  
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 Qualifications:  
 University degree in computer science; 5 years' experience as head  
 of professional staff; extensive knowledge of CDC 6000 series system,  
 and wide experience of system operation and programming, including  
 its use in research and administration.  
 Grade: in accordance with qualifications.  
 Applications in writing, accompanied by curriculum vitae including a  
 detailed description of past experience and references, should be  
 reach the Personnel Department, The Hebrew University of Jerusalem,  
 by January 1, 1974, in envelopes marked "Candidate for Post 345/73."

**THE WORLD ZIONIST ORGANIZATION**  
 Department for Tora Education and Culture in the Diaspora  
 Tel. 225271 - P.O.B. 7523, JERUSALEM  
**A Jewish Day School in Manchester, England has**  
**VACANCIES FOR TEACHERS**  
 Requirements: Qualified religious teachers with experience.  
 Knowledge of English essential.  
 Please apply to the above address or telephone during office hours.  
 From 6.00-7.00 p.m., contact the Principal,  
 Mr. Shmuel Gur, Tel. 03-782631

**Large Shipping Company in Haifa**  
**REQUIRES**  
 1. **English telex operator** (female)  
 to work shifts, English as mother tongue essential.  
 At least 2 years' experience.  
 2. **Hebrew/English typist** (female)  
 with 2-3 years' experience in general office duties.  
 3. **English typist** (female); shorthand essential.  
 English as mother tongue. Must have previous experience.  
 Apply, giving curriculum vitae and experience, to P.O.B. 1501, Haifa.

**MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS**  
**ANNOUNCEMENT TO**  
**TELEX SUBSCRIBERS**  
 The new Telex tariff for international connections  
 will go into force on Sunday, December 16, 1973.  
 The new tariff has been sent to subscribers.

**Ardaf Ltd. (Export)**  
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 Argaman Textile Dye Works Ltd.  
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 Tel. 053-95251  
**TEXTILE DESIGNER**  
 (male or female)  
 Qualifications required -  
 1. A number of years' experience in textile design  
 2. Work experience in textile printing plants  
 3. Ability to establish connections with customers  
 4. Familiarity with the fashion scene in Israel and abroad  
 5. Ability to control a team of professional workers  
 6. Knowledge of English and French desirable  
 Please apply to the Personnel Department.  
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**TRANSPORT GUARANTEED**

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**175-200 sq. m. OFFICE SPACE**  
 in Tel Aviv, within 1 km. radius  
 of Beit Sokolov, Rehov Kaplan  
**RENT ONLY!**  
 Please call Tel. 03-624215, ext. 31

**ACADEMICS FROM THE U.S.A. SEEKING  
 EMPLOYMENT IN ISRAEL**  
 On December 23, 1973, a group of academics from the U.S.A.  
 will arrive in Israel, under the auspices of Tour Ve'Alah. The  
 members of this group wish to emigrate to Israel in the coming  
 months.  
 The purpose of the visit, which will last until January 8, 1974,  
 is to seek suitable employment for the members of the group.  
 The members of the group are listed below:  
 1. **COMPUTER EXPERT:**  
 Extensive background in programming, design manager  
 and educator within the computer industry.  
 2. **SHOP SUPERVISION:**  
 Electromechanical engineering. Has complete knowledge  
 of shop operations on a highly technical level, including  
 many facets of machinery, electronics Ph.D. and  
 carpentry.  
 3. **CLINICAL PSYCHOLOGIST:**  
 Ph.D. with extensive experience in hospitals on group  
 and individual basis. Hebrew excellent.  
 4. **TECHNICAL WRITER:**  
 Good background with aviation industry and electronics.  
 Has also handled many journalist assignments - stories  
 dealing with technologically based industries.  
 5. **ELECTRONICS ENGINEER:**  
 Senior Engineer with electronic instrumentation and  
 controls experience. Has worked with radar of all types.  
 6. **PSYCHIATRIST:**  
 Has worked as a psychiatric consultant, examiner, in  
 close connection with prestigious medical associations.  
 7. **CHEMICAL RESEARCH:**  
 Much practical experience as a creative director/admin-  
 istrator of chemical product and process R. and D. in  
 profit oriented industrial companies.  
 8. **STRUCTURAL ENGINEER:**  
 Extensive background in building design and construction.  
 Has worked on a variety of major projects with special  
 emphasis on concrete and steel construction.  
 9. **PROFESSOR:**  
 Slavic Languages and literature at leading university.  
 Worked in administrative and academic capacity.  
 10. **ARMS & MUNITIONS DEVELOPMENT:**  
 Wide knowledge of ballistics, components, techniques for  
 ammunition production. Background in research, develop-  
 ment and instruction.  
 11. **TEACHER:**  
 Has taught English composition with an emphasis on  
 psychological undertone. Some fluency in other languages.  
 12. **COUNSELLOR:**  
 Student counselling, group dynamics, theory and practice.  
 Has worked extensively with school dropouts and students  
 from underprivileged groups. Excellent education and  
 experience.  
 13. **PSYCHOLOGIST:**  
 Social psychology and personality in research and direct  
 contact in social sciences. Large contact with teen-  
 age groups in many social situations.  
 14. **SOCIOLOGIST:**  
 Instructor at university level, in addition to working  
 firsthand on many individual missions.  
 15. **LIBRARIAN:**  
 Background in public and school libraries. Has supervised  
 operations and expansion programmes.  
 16. **INTERIOR DESIGNER:**  
 Extensive creative experience in all phases of colour  
 and design.  
 17. **SYSTEMS ANALYST/SALES**  
**REPRESENTATIVE:**  
 Experience includes instruction and many facets of the  
 communications industries. Has worked in public relations  
 capacity in media.  
 18. **NEUROPATHOLOGIST:**  
 Full medical background in research and practical  
 application. Extensive publications to his credit.  
 19. **ARCHITECT/DESIGNER:**  
 Complete background in planning and development of  
 many phases of construction, including costing. Excellent  
 Hebrew.  
 20. **REGISTERED NURSE:**  
 Excellent post-operative experience.  
 21. **CHEMIST:**  
 Extensive background in research and development in  
 many areas of science, including the pharmaceutical field.  
 22. **CIVIL ENGINEER/PLANNER**  
 Experienced in planning with special regard to trans-  
 portation and urban structure.  
 23. **PROGRAMMER:**  
 Worked with computer services department in major  
 firm. Many assignments in accounting department.  
 Employers interested in interviewing  
 members of the group  
 should contact the Employment Centre for Academics,  
 Foreign Dept.,  
 Tel. 02-61141, ext. 315, and Tel. 02-30997.

**TEL RAD**  
**TELECOMMUNICATION &  
 ELECTRONIC INDUSTRIES LTD.**  
**Export Department**  
 Seeks for immediate employment  
**ENGLISH SHORTHAND TYPIST**  
 with administrative skills  
 English as mother tongue essential  
 knowledge of Hebrew desirable.  
 Full-time position. Transportation provided.  
 For interview, please call Tel. 03-962381.  
**SUBSIDIARIES: CITOR, HOLON;  
 KEREN ELECTRONICA, ASHKELON.**

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**Driver,**  
 Do what is no more than the minimum  
 for those doing the maximum-  
 Give Soldiers Lifts!  
 \*\*\*\*\*



# ON DECEMBER 31 YOU WILL DECIDE THE FUTURE OF THE STATE — YOUR FUTURE YOU WILL DECIDE —

BETWEEN a prospect of peace with our neighbours

AND the road leading to unceasing war

BETWEEN a policy of close friendship with the U.S.A.

AND adventurism endangering this friendship

BETWEEN a policy of striving for peace and the strengthening of our security

AND the "not one inch" mentality

BETWEEN willingness for territorial compromise and the acceptance of defensible borders

AND the approach which disregards realities in the region and the world

BETWEEN a checking and adaption of policy to changing circumstances

AND the inability to learn and change

BETWEEN the declaration of peace and security as central aims

AND the preferring of the Areas to peace

BETWEEN the wish to maintain the Jewish character of Israel

AND willingness to add a large Arab population

BETWEEN readiness to maintain friendly relations with a Jordanian-Palestinian state

AND the ignoring of the existence and aspirations of the Palestinians

BETWEEN preparedness to go to a peace conference at any time, without prior conditions

AND the creation of difficulties, likely to doom the conference to failure before it starts

On December 31, you will have to decide  
between political realism and a realistic  
approach to security  
and empty slogans and political rigidity

## STRENGTHEN THE CAUSE OF PEACE AND SECURITY

Give them your vote and strengthen their voice

**התנועה העמיתית**  
VOTE EMEY Hama'araghi/Israel Labour Party-Mapam

For the attention of the  
FEDERAL GERMAN BUNDESTAG  
DELEGATION

## WE DETEST YOUR FALSE DECLARATION OF FRIENDSHIP

DURING THE CRITICAL DAYS OF THE BLOODY YOM KIPPUR WAR, instigated by the ARAB STATES, in an aim to destroy OUR STATE and population, half of whom are REMNANTS of the "FINAL SOLUTION," carried out so "precisely" by YOUR PREDECESSORS in conquered EUROPE'S "THIRD REICH" — YOU FORBODE THE LOADING OF VITAL LIFE-SAVING AMERICAN MILITARY SUPPLIES ONTO OUR ISRAELI SHIPS AT HAMBURG!! (as happened before with the gas-mask shipment in the June 1967 war). THIS BETRAYAL WAS EVEN WORSE THAN THE "FERDIOUS AL-BION"-BRITISH AND "VICRY" FRENCH EMBARGOS!

Later, in Brussels, your government joined those two in backing the Arab extremists' stand (that WE have to return the parts of ERETZ YISRAEL which are historically ours, i.e. JUDEA & SAMARIA and the Jordan Valley, our Ancient Holy Jerusalem, to the Fatah murderers. Have you already forgotten who killed our 11 athletes in your ex-Nazi stronghold Munich.

IT TOOK YOU ALMOST 15 YEARS to supply us with civilian-economic goods, under the Adenauer reparations agreement, to replace property stolen from our 6 MILLION MURDERED JEWS IN NAZI EUROPE, less than one thousandth of the real value. Less than a third of the \$3 billion allocation of the newest and best "IRON" means, to secure and defend our existence, donated by the blessed U.S. Government, the nation which has fought for and supported Freedom and Justice through the generations!

And last but not least

THOUSANDS OF THE BARBARIC NAZI-GAULEITER'S GESTAPO BUTCHERS AND S.S. who tortured and annihilated in cannibalistic sadistic, inhuman ways our beloved, sacred, PARENTS, BROTHERS, SISTERS, SONS and DAUGHTERS, ELDERLY and CHILDREN, in the GHETTOS and the concentration camps — are still alive and enjoying paradise/life, getting government compensation, being released by the courts or given light or short prison sentences, and even holding government positions again, in your divided GERMANY, on both sides! YOUR CHANCELLOR W. BRANDT, whom we received last summer with loud fanfare, bowed with courage before the statue in memory of the Warsaw Ghetto Heroes, but the Gestapo chief who destroyed the Ghetto and its half million Jews is free and under your protection even today!

As these old Nazis were not and are not being punished, their followers in Damascus and Cairo were not and are not afraid to torture and kill our prisoners of war!

THE LIST IS LONG BUT SPACE IS SHORT!

REMEMBER, before your departure — these are our real feelings!

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THE REMNANTS OF YERUSHALAYIM D'LITA-YILNO  
IN FREE UNITED JERUSALEM

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Special institute with modern  
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FREE CONSULTATION  
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**PREGNANT WOMEN**  
The Lamaze Method of preparation  
for childbirth, widely successful  
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Details and registration:  
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We claim to have the newest, most effective and interesting Hebrew language course in the world. But how can we prove it to your satisfaction? Easy. We offer a 4-week trial period to try our method and decide if you like it. If you're not satisfied, we will return all your tuition fees at the end of the month, no questions asked. We are able to make this offer because we have already tested our new 6-book series with over 700 students, and know that it is effective with 19 out of 20 new students.

And it is interesting! Each of the advanced books has up-to-date, inside information about such subjects as Education in Israel, Job Opportunities, Health Services, Archaeology, and Israeli Political Parties.

In our beginning and intermediate Hebrew books, every sentence you learn can be put to immediate use in everyday situations, such as renting an apartment, going through customs, or

an emergency visit to a doctor. Our classroom work is more dynamic than you would believe possible. We're able to teach you really fluent Hebrew — sufficient to understand a university lecture, express any thought in good colloquial speech, or read a Hebrew newspaper (unpointed) without the help of a dictionary. We also have Discussion Courses for those who read and speak Hebrew, and offer the same money-back guarantee if you are not satisfied at the end of a month.

Come any day between 4 and 7 p.m. (in Tel Aviv, we are also open mornings, from 9 to 11.30 a.m.) for a placement test and detailed information. New classes start January 2.

**AMERICAN ULPAN**  
JERUSALEM: 1 Rehov Shalom (over Steimatzky's Book Store, Zion Square)  
TEL AVIV: 5 Rehov Esther Hanuka (just off Rehov Dizengoff, between Kikar Zion (Dizengoff) and Rehov Frickmann)  
(Advertisement)

## FRENCH GOVERNMENT SCHOLARSHIP UNIVERSITY YEARS — 1974/1975

The French Embassy in Israel informs all students of its nationality that they may benefit from study scholarships the years 1974-1975.

Minimum requirement: Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science

Candidates must apply before January 15, 1974, at the Ser Culturels de l'Ambassade de France, 111 Rehov Hayar Tel Aviv, Tel. 245371. The offices are open from Monday Friday from 9.00 a.m.-12.00 noon.

## THE GERMAN EMBASSY

invites the public to a performance of the  
film version of H. von Kleist's novel

## THE FOUNDLING

(with English subtitles)

TEL AVIV — B'nei B'rith Hall — Rehov Ka

Thursday, December 20, 1973 at 7.30 p.m.

Free tickets available at UNION, 118 Rehov Dizengoff, Tel.

**PLASTIC CURTAINS**  
for bathrooms, kitchens, etc.,  
of imported plastic.  
All kinds of tabaclets,  
Terylene, floor mats, covers.  
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## Museum and Gallery

## POSTERS

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December 15, 1974  
at 6 p.m.

## THE AMBASSADOR OF SWITZERLAND

requires a reliable

## DRIVER

as temporary replacement.  
Applicants should possess a  
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able to machine and  
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Homes provided if ne  
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On Wednesday,  
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## HANUKKA CELEBRATION

will be held at  
the Main Synagogue  
110 Allenby Rd., Tel.  
in cooperation with  
Government Tourist  
Mr. Avraham Hazron, is  
the ceremony on behalf  
management, and Mr. Me  
Minister of Tourism will  
first candle. Yitzhak  
Frankel, Chief Rabbi of T  
Yafa will then address the  
ence.

Prayers will be held by  
Cantor Yehoshua Delfa  
Cantor David Fisher, a  
nied by choir and or  
Michael Magid will sing  
rew and Yiddish. Dough  
drinks will be served.  
Entrance Free.



BERT BEEL

## ENGLISH SPEAKING GRC

invites you to hear

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on Sat., Dec. 15, 1973  
at 10.45 a.m.

ALL WELCOME

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IMMIGRATION & ASSIMILATION

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## VOLUNTEER

A must, while in  
Use your opport  
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become one of  
Family.  
Make your perm  
home in Isra

For all information, contact o  
Tel Aviv, 60 Rehov Ibn  
Tel. 03-263550, 263551  
Haifa, 125 Edvard Haim  
Tel. 04-35104  
Jerusalem, Rehov H  
Tel. 02-32351  
Every day from 8 a.m. to

## BATSHEVA dance company

## TEL AVIV

Nakman at 8.50 p.m.  
Tomorrow, December  
Monday, December  
Tuesday, December  
Thursday, December  
Saturday, December  
Monday, December  
Tuesday, December  
Thursday, December  
Saturday, December  
Monday, December

Proceeds to the Soldiers'  
Association, Tel Aviv

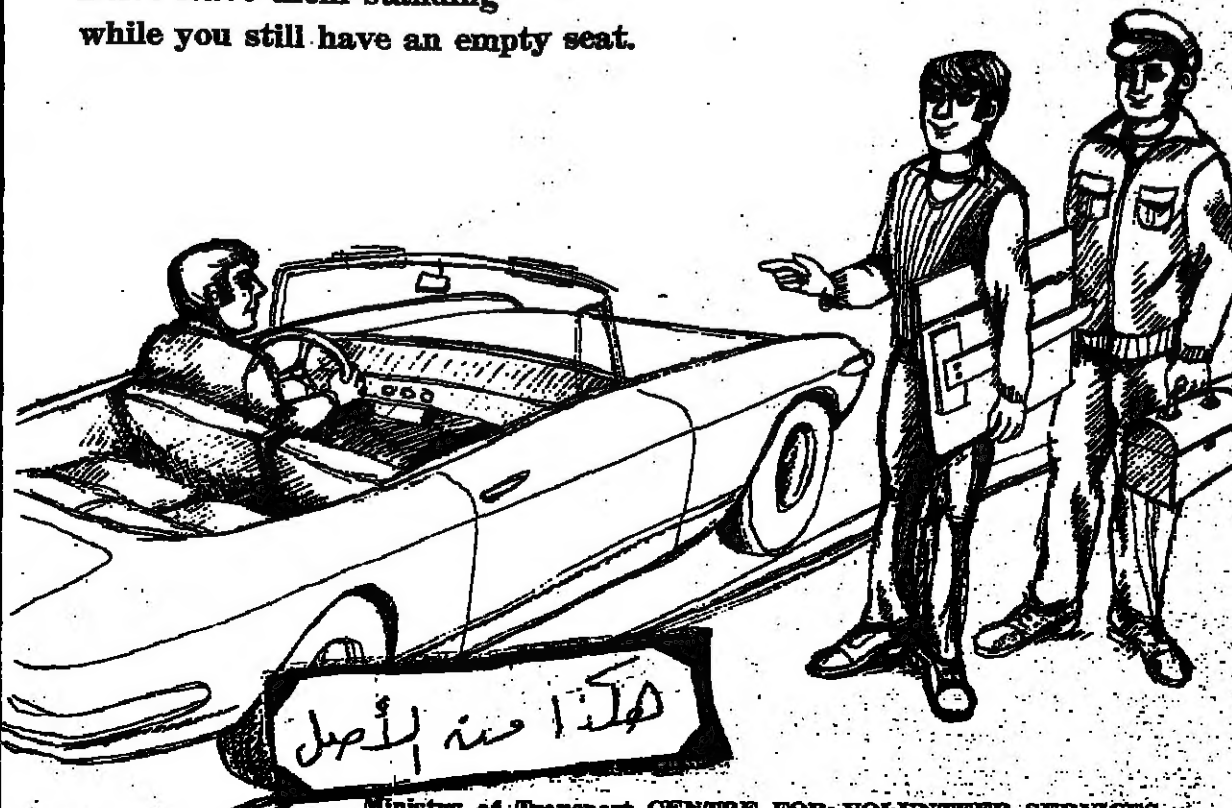
Tickets: Kassa, 25 Alot  
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On the evening of the perf  
at the box office.

## DEAR DRIVER,

At this time of national emergency,  
help people get to work  
by giving them a lift.

Don't leave them standing  
while you still have an empty seat.



Ministry of Transport CENTRE FOR VOLUNTEER SERVICES







## RESHUFFLE IN CAIRO

THE reshuffle in Egypt of the top army command has led to much speculation, but President Sadat's motives remain largely obscure. The Cairo press yesterday limited itself solely to the official announcements, without embellishing them with comment.

It was clear in the last several weeks that Egypt's political and military establishment was speaking in two distinct and opposite voices. One stressed pursuing negotiations with Israel to achieve a disengagement of forces at Suez and then withdrawal of Israeli forces from the west bank of the Canal. The other demanded a resumption of hostilities in order to force Israel back by smashing the west bank force.

The principal proponent of resumed war was the ousted Chief of Staff, General Sa'ad Shazli. At the same time, however, another conflict was developing, somewhat more below the surface, over responsibility for Israel's deep penetration into Egypt.

The field commanders were blamed for not properly linking the Second and Third Armies, thus creating a weak spot which Israel exploited to cross the Canal. Shazli in turn was blamed for not recognizing the significance of the Israeli crossing

nor organizing swiftly to contain it.

In addition, the field commanders tended to pin responsibility for the Israeli breakthrough through their lines on headquarters in Cairo, though not directly upon Shazli. Above the surface, Shazli was hailed by the Egyptian public and press as the hero of the war, the architect of Egypt's original successes.

As a result it was probably difficult for Sadat to consider ousting him. But the fact that he now resolved to do so would seem to indicate the strength of Sadat's political position.

Since Shazli was urging new war the appointment of General Mohammed Abdul-Ghani Gurnay, who conducted the talks with Arafat, has been seen by some observers as a sign of Egyptian moderation, and a reluctance to resume the fighting.

However, this assessment must be balanced by the realization that in appointing new field commanders Sadat intends to strengthen the condition of his forces in the field in the event of new fighting.

He may not want a Shazli in a position to force his hand, but that in itself should not be seen as a sign of new pacific intent in Cairo.

In less than a week the moment of truth will dawn for both Israel and the Arabs as they face each other over the Geneva conference table. No longer will they be able to hide behind words about integration or liberation of territories, about secure or recognized borders, and similar slogans concerned with land rather than people. They will have to realize that their conflict cannot be solved at all by redrawing Israel's frontiers as long as every frontier is bound to become a front. They will therefore be forced at long last to discuss the crucial issue.

In the past this issue has been deliberately sidestepped by most Arab governments for strategic reasons — in order to deal with it at a later stage; while Israel has shunned it for psychological reasons — hoping that it would evaporate as time went on. Instead it has escalated and is now coming to a head. In official parlance it is called the question of Arab recognition of the State of Israel. But in fact it is identical with the Palestinian question: "Restoration of the full rights of the Palestinians" is obviously tantamount to the destruction of Israel, whether or not this is explicitly stated.

That this stark fact can be overlooked by many people in this country (and abroad), that support for a Palestinian nation or state to be found in Jewish quarters, is due to a widespread double delusion. First, people in this country — understandably — tend to see the Palestinians in their own likeness, as a separate entity, eager to keep its identity. They do it in plain disregard of statements to the contrary, which show that the non-Jewish residents of Israel consider themselves as Arabs, more so perhaps than, say, the Egyptians or the Syrians, who have besides their Arab language and heritage also their separate states, institutions, etc. Whether a state carved out of Israel will be called Palestine or otherwise, it is bound therefore to become a link in the Arab total offensive against the Jewish state.

### Return to homes

Secondly, people here — again understandably — tend to think of Palestinians as the non-Jewish inhabitants of this country, forgetting that this notion is quite different from the one entertained by the PLO, which is acclaimed as representing the Palestinian nation. When Arafat and other terrorist leaders talk about "restoration of the rights of Palestinians," they have in mind not more autonomy, nor even full sovereignty, but the West Bank or the administered areas, but the return to previous homes and properties of refugees now living in camps and cities in the Gaza Strip, in Jordan, in Lebanon and in Syria, a total of 1.5 million people by the PLO's reckoning. They take for granted that this return must be accompanied by the ousting — peacefully or otherwise — of the Jewish "invaders." Only this is the "secular, democratic" Palestinian state to be created — leaving little to the imagination as to how this is to take place.

It is frequently argued that some people in, say, Nabulus or Hebron consider Arafat's views too extreme. Or that in many cases ties of trust and friendship have developed between Jews and Arabs, which may strengthen in course of time. How-

When Israel and the Arabs face each other at Geneva next week, they will no longer be able to hide behind slogans concerned with land rather than people: the conflict cannot be solved by redrawing Israel's frontiers, as long as those lines are bound to become a front, writes DR. MOSHE ATER, The Jerusalem Post Economic Editor. We should forge an alliance with those Arab quarters who are similarly opposed to the PLO's plan to "restore Palestinian rights" — on the ruins of the State of Israel.

ever, these arguments are beside the point. What matters is not whether or not Jews and Arabs can co-exist peacefully (that they can has been amply proved by what has been going on in the administered territories during the past six years, notwithstanding some mishaps), but whether this country (however demarcated) belongs to the Jews or to the Arabs (however labelled).

Hitherto both the government and the public in Israel have adopted in this respect a schizophrenic attitude. On the one hand, it has been insisted that Israel is, and must remain, a Jewish state. On the other hand, it has also been stressed that Arabs here have national rights (i.e., collective and separatist, as opposed to civil rights as individuals) equal to those of the Jews. Now this contradictory attitude must at long last come to an end. It must be realized that recognition of Palestinian national (Arab) rights to this country cannot be reconciled with the existence of the Israel (Jewish) state.

### Loyal minority

Israel was established in order to provide a national home for the Jewish people, with other inhabitants accepting this rule as they did Turkish or British, and becoming a minority of loyal citizens; or moving to the adjacent countries, where they would find language, social and economic patterns akin to their own. National adjustments and migrations on a much bigger scale, and under harder conditions, have been — and are still — going on in many countries. The ingathering of the Jews in Israel is itself the best example of that. The PLO may oppose Zionism, try to put the clock back and to restore Israel as an Arab country. But if Israel is to survive, these claims must be rejected outright, the PLO's attempts foiled, and no doubts left about the state's Jewish identity.

Such a clarification may sound a knell to the forthcoming Geneva conference, for it would show that Arab recognition of Israel, and genuine readiness to live with it, does not depend on any amount of territorial concessions. Of course, complex maps can be drawn up with complicated boundaries, corridors, enclaves, demilitarized zones, leased bases, UN corridors, and much else. But the most they can achieve is to freeze for a while a momentary situation, i.e., to turn a blind eye to the developments in the countries concerned — and elsewhere; indeed to obstruct these developments. No map showing a sovereign State of Israel will be approved by the PLO, except as a promising stage for another onslaught.

Does this mean that there is no hope for a peaceful settlement? Perhaps. But a chance is still left if it is at least understood that a lasting peace will have to run contrary to the "Palestinian" programme; that the PLO will fight it tooth and nail; and that a start towards settlement can be made only by forging an alliance between

Israel and Arab quarters similarly opposed to the PLO's "restoration" of the refugees. Which obviously leaves us alone with Hussein's Jordan. Would Hussein cooperate in such a scheme, intended to maintain a viable Israel state associated with his Arab kingdom? It is in no way sure. But neither is it to be ruled out. For such a scheme would have great advantages for both parties, and a fair chance of success against heavy odds.

These odds are too obvious to need elaboration. Jordan is an Arab, Moslem country. Its government is a military dictatorship, far different from this country's democracy. Half of its population stems from what is today called Israel, including a substantial number of refugees still in camps and resentful of the Jewish state. King Hussein supported the Arab attacks on Israel both in 1967 and this year. He would, of course, like to regain the West Bank, and to expand his domain at Israel's expense.

However, Hussein probably also understands that the growing Soviet influence in the Middle East is not working in his favour; that if Israel is eventually carved up, Jordan's chances of survival would also be slim; that he may not always be in a position to quell a terrorist revolt against his regime, as he did in September, 1970. Israel is the only neighbouring state which he need not fear, because Israel would be interested in a strong Jordanian ally. On the other hand, and for the same reason, he ought to be interested in a strong Israel state. Another link is provided by the joint American — financial and armament — support. And — last but not the least — an association with Israel could put Jordan on the path of rapid economic growth. Old Palestine, reformed as an Israel-Jordan alliance and common market could become the economic hub of the Middle East region.

### No urgency felt

All of this is evident enough. And the idea of Israel-Jordan co-operation has indeed been broached time and again. Though it has never made headway, perhaps because it used to be considered only one of several alternatives available. Or because no urgency was felt to achieve a lasting settlement. But probably also because it has been dealt with piecemeal, and never allowed to reach major proportions. Even so, trade over the "open bridges," the "summer visitors," tourism, and joint financial arrangements have been considered beneficial for both parties concerned, and have been kept going despite political tensions.

Much more dramatic effects could be achieved within a relatively short time by bold expansion of these unorthodox initiatives; by liberalization of the trade flow between the two countries; by opening Jordan to visitors and traders from Israel; by facilitating transit traffic to and from Jordan through Israel ports and vice versa; by launching

joint development projects — especially in fields dependent on large scale production units, such as water desalination, atomic power, heavy industry plants; by mutual assistance in agricultural settlement and export promotion; by raising joint loans abroad; and eventually by creation of a joint currency. Dream-like though such a programme looks at this moment, there is no reason why it could not be carried out once the two countries decide to stand by each other.

That this programme, if implemented, would greatly increase the prosperity, indeed the well-being, of both Jews and Arabs in the two countries concerned, can be taken for granted. Nevertheless, it would be childish to make its implementation depend on popular support, so engrained is — for the time being — mutual suspicion of Jews and Arabs, so remote from today's reality is the prospect of their peaceful co-existence. It would be foolish even to attempt to press people accustomed to fight each other to clasp hands and forget their dissimilarity before a basis of common interests has been created which can serve as a corner-stone for mutual trust.

### Let support develop

It would take a long time for the Arabs living in Jordan (and in Israel too) to give up their dream of destroying and looting the Jewish state; to replace the prospect of "restoring" pre-mandatory Palestine by that of a progressive, modern, bilingual one; to replace Pan-Arab sentiments harking back to the Moslem conquest by a sense of genuine Palestinian loyalty. It would take a long time for the Jews to overcome their fear of genocide and discrimination, so as to trust the Arabs turned reluctantly into their allies. In the foreseeable future both nations will therefore cling to their separate states, even though the latter may be loosely linked. If the above programme is to succeed, it must therefore be imposed from above, letting popular support develop gradually, as a by-product of the two states' desire to join forces and economic resources.

To that end a start ought to be made by a mutual defence treaty. Israel and Jordan should pledge each other military assistance against any aggressor violating their borders. This should be accompanied by an agreement for mutual help against subversive internal activities. The next obvious step would be close consultation in matters of foreign policy. Along with this would go setting up of joint boards or agencies for gradual coordination of customs tariffs, transport fees, fiscal and monetary policies, etc., for dismantling of barriers to permit a free flow of merchandise and people, and for launching joint development projects. That would include also machinery for settling the "open question" of Israel-Jordan borders, which, however, would by then lose much of its current gravity — with recourse to a condominium envisaged as the ultimate resort for the hardest cases. Eventually, a joint federative capital could be established, say, in East Jerusalem.

None of these steps would infringe the sovereignty of either Israel or Jordan, except in so far as agreed by both of them. Their joint projects and policies would therefore require the mutual consent of both governments. This would involve a fairly awkward procedure, and probably a lot of red tape, in the beginning. However, is the way the European Market developed and the grew out of the military alliance.

It might be argued that operation between Israel and a good thing it could be such a dramatic gesture, a military pact and a mind the forces — both external — that would dent set in motion against the outlined above. It would be by Syria, which still clings dream — originating from a Pan-Arab regime — of turning Jordan and Israel into the provinces. By Egypt, which imperial escapades to offset dissatisfaction at home. By anxious to keep the role financial centre of the Middle East. By Moslem countries with the night of Hussein made with infidels. And, of course, the PLO and by the Soviet of their threat to the Middle East, which is the only solid ground. It would have massive support from other western anxious to put an end to the East tension. And in order that support effective, the would have to offer it a strong point.

Moreover, the scheme was a firm commitment of the concerned in order to provide framework for the envisaged development. Even old-established national states such as, say, Canada — are ridden by stemming from language, a natural differences. The tension likely to be greater country which is still in the of dynamic development, is subject to strong economic national pressures, and its tasks which cannot be accomplished without major changes. At of Jewish mass immigration settlement of Arab refugees in the Gaza and Jordan modernization of Arab agriculture, industrial development, rapid advance social strata, and cultural — none of these processes place without friction, grievances and resentment, may easily become explosive allied to national tensions.

**A new leaf**  
The temptation — but danger — in such a situation avoid change, to slow up, and to obstruct it by par the country. This is, broadly, what has been suggested under the term of settlement. An alliance, eventual federation, or Jordan may turn a new leaf respect by providing wide for solving the local, parties terms, because in a wider context importance of such issues: to decrease, and more as means are likely to be available counter-balancing the gains of various issues. In order to make that a scope and the goal of the development should be stated.

Naturally, the scheme above would impose constraints on the two nations. The Jordanian people would break away from medieval Arab fantasies and to accept themselves as a separate nation, closely attached to it would have to adjust themselves to their new environment. Both would find ample room only in increased safety and progress, but also in great scope of action and in new.

Whether the eventual it would be called Palestine or Israel is irrelevant. What is that it successful it could do both. And that no other five for peaceful settlement visible.

**KNESSET PROBE OF SOLDIERS' PERSONAL EQUIPMENT**  
To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Following the report of your Knesset Reporter, "Knesset to probe soldiers' conditions" (December 11), I would like to correct an erroneous impression that this report may have given your readers. The aim of the sub-committee appointed by the Committee Chairman, Mr. Y. Karpman, M.K., "to probe whether assurance given by the army about personal equipment for the troops is in fact correct," since the committee had no doubt whatsoever about the correctness of the assurance given it by Aluf Nehemia Keen at last Friday's meeting.

The aim of the sub-committee, as stated in the Committee's official communiqué issued last Friday, is "to study at close hand the situation of the supply of personal equipment to soldiers, with the purpose of possibly improving it, if at all necessary, and studying the budgetary consequences of this supply."

YVOE KERSHNER, Secretary, Knesset Finance Committee, Jerusalem, December 12.

## Dry Bones



## ISRAEL PRESS

### 'Syrian trump card—PoWs'

She'arim (Po'alei Agudat Israel) quotes the BBC correspondent in Damascus "who often serves as a mouthpiece for the regime," as saying that the Syrians have definitely decided not to repatriate Israeli prisoners and not to negotiate on this point. Their argument is that while the Egyptians have a trump card to back them at Geneva, (their forces east of the Suez Canal), the PoWs are Syria's only trump card.

"In Damascus they look to Dr. Kissinger's visit as an opportunity for obtaining for bakhshish. Oriental states have always behaved in this manner when they negotiated from a position of strength and when the other side tempted them to talks," the paper concludes.

Hatzofe (National Religious) fears that Mr. Eban may be preparing his speech outlining Israel's policy at Geneva on the basis of the Labour Party's 14 points. This is very probable in light of his known views and the fact that he has not denied rumours to this effect. "The 14-point programme has

not yet been presented to the electors," the paper says. "Meanwhile, the Alignment has no right to base its policy on this document, particularly since the other parties that make up the coalition are opposed to its main points." The paper reiterates the NRP's demand that it be involved in the formulation and presentation of Israel's stand at Geneva and criticizes Mr. Eban for being ready to go to Geneva, despite Syrian intransigence on the PoWs. Davar (Histadrut) welcomes the decisions of the U.S. House of Representatives to ban U.S. loans to the U.S.S.R. until Jews and other minorities are allowed to leave Russia, freely and to approve Mr. Nixon's request for a \$2,200m. grant to replace Israel's October War arm losses.

"Though the Senate has yet to be won — and there may be other obstacles — an overwhelming majority of the House approved these two resolutions. This is most encouraging in view of the great political difficulties Israel is encountering on the international scene in the wake of the war.

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## Readers' letters

### The facts about the Cameri

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — Reading Mendel Kohnsky's wholesale condemnation of the Israeli repertoire theatres ("Time for 'lean' Theatre," December 7), one regrettably finds that he has fallen victim to the same "exaggerations and oratorical extravaganzas" which he himself deplores.

Mr. Kohnsky is deeply critical of the Israeli theatre's lack of reaction to the events of the last two months, totally ignoring the fact that while journalists may respond to events in a matter of hours, playwrights require months, if not years. It took the American theatre about six years to react to Vietnam and it has yet to react to Watergate.

However, it is not my intention to utilize this forum to discuss Mr. Kohnsky's opinions, but only to correct two points of fact:

1. Mr. Kohnsky states: "Whenever the theatre is criticized, the leaders of the establishment counter with figures about the uncommonly high theatre attendance, one of the highest in the world. What they forget to mention is that the vast majority of the 65 or so per cent of the population who go to the Habima, the Cameri, the Haifa Theatre, are a 'package audience', an audience for whom tickets have been bought by their unions, kibbutz local councils, their kibbutzim, that the choice had been made for them by officials in charge of cultural activities."

For the information of both Mr. Kohnsky and your readers, the whole story of "package audiences" is simply not true. By advance ticket bookings, workers committees, trade unions, local councils, kibbutzim, etc., are able to sell their members theatre tickets at prices somewhat lower than those available at the box office. The individual member decides what he wants or does not want to buy, what play he wants or does not want to see; nobody "makes the choice" for him. Furthermore, those tickets from advance group bookings which have not been bought by the individual members are returned to the theatre box office. Even when a performance is "bought" by a regional council, this merely means that the council is paying the theatre a lump sum, while taking upon itself the financial risk for the evening; in this case, theatre-goers have to buy their tickets from the council's box office rather than from the theatre's, but they still have to make their own choice and to shell out their own money.

The fact that Israel has an exceptionally high theatre attendance

record does not necessarily mean it has good theatre, but it would seem to indicate that by paying for their tickets, many Israelis demonstrate a higher opinion of Israeli theatre than does Mr. Kohnsky.

2. The Cameri's current revival of "Plaza Suite" is given by Mr. Kohnsky as proof that we are "oblivious of the role of theatre in society. In recent weeks, the theatre managements have decided that what the people need in these trying days is to take their minds off their troubles is 'entertainment.' Not plays reflecting the national mood of stock taking and soul searching, but Shalom, Shalom, an infantile comedy about King Solomon's sexual troubles, and Neil Simon's 'Hotel Plaza', a comedy about the marital problems of the rich in New York." Here again, the facts are otherwise.

Since the war's outbreak, 50 per cent of the Cameri's performances have been before Zahal audiences — in army bases, hospitals and recuperation centres. In coordination with Zahal, it was decided to add a play — a light comedy — to the Cameri's military repertoire, which already includes "High Morale."

The choice of "Plaza Suite" (not "Hotel Plaza") was based upon three factors:

a. The original cast was available, Tel Aviv, December 12.

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